STATUTORY CHECKLIST [§58.35(a) activities]

for Categorical Exclusions and Environmental Assessments

Note: Review of the items on this checklist is required for both Categorical Exclusions under Sec. 58.35(a) and projects requiring an Environmental Assessment under Sec. 58.36. If no compliance with any of the items is required, a Categorical Exclusion [58.35(a)] may become "exempt" under the provisions of Sec. 58.34 (a) (12). In such cases attach the completed Statutory Checklist to a written determination of the exemption. Projects requiring an Environmental Assessment under Sec. 58.36 cannot be determined to be exempt even if no compliance with Statutory Checklist items is found. Three items listed at Sec. 58.6 are applicable to all projects, including those determined to be exempt.

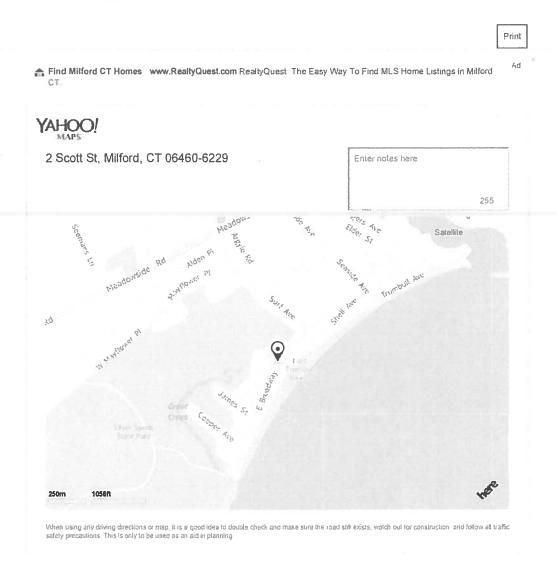
Project Name and Identification/Location: Malone Residence / # 2416 2 Scott Street Milford, Connecicut Area of Statutory or Regulatory Provide compliance documentation. Additional material may Compliance be attached. Not Applicable to This Project Determination of consistency Approvals, Permits Obtained Conditions and/or Mitigation Actions Required Consultation Required* Review Required* Permits Required* Document Laws and authorities listed at 24 CFR Sec. 58.5 1. Historic Properties Consulted with State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO): M \bowtie [58.5(a)] [Section 106 of NHPA] Building built in 1930. SHPO determined the proposed work will have an adverse effect on the State's cultural resources. See attached SHPO letter dated 12/26/14. Project must adhere to the Programatic Agreement among Connecticut Department of Housing, and Connecticut Department of Economic and Community Development, Connecticut State Historic Preservation Officer and the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation Regarding Disaster Recovery Activities in Connecticut. 2. Floodplain Management X M Located in Flood Zone AE based on FEMA - Map Number [58.5(b)] [EO 11988] [24 CFR 55] 09009C0533J Revised July 8, 2013. See attached FIRMLET. 3. Wetland Protection X Anticipated impacts on wetlands minimal due to majority of [58.5 (b)] activities limited to pre-storm building footprint. Consulted City of Milford Inland Wetlands. No mapped wetlands. See attached National Wetlands Mapper. 4. Coastal Zone Management X X Site is located within the Coastal Boundary as mapped by [58.5(c)] [CGS 22a-100(b)] DEEP. 5. Water Quality - Aquifers X Water Quality - N/A Project does not involving on-site water [58.5(d)] [40 CFR 149] and sewer facilities nor is it in a sole source acquifer zone. Clean Water Act 1977 Safe Drinking Water Act 1974 6. Endangered Species X NOT LOCATED AT WATERFRONT PROPERTIES WITH [58.5(e)] [16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.] SANDY BEACHES - consult with Department of Interior Fish [CGS 26-310] and Wildlife Database - See attached Department of Interior Fish and Wildlife report.dated May 29, 2014 and letter December 2, 2014 from Thomas Chapman Supervisor Department of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, New

England Field Office.

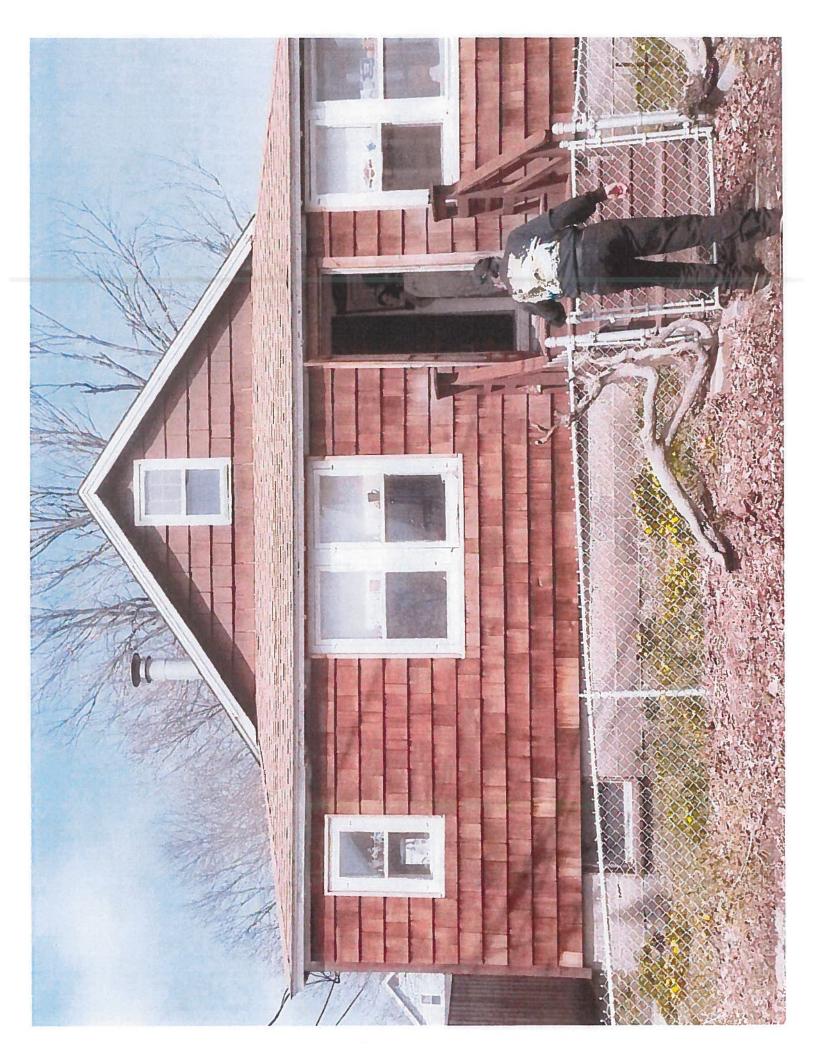
Area of Statutory or Regulatory Compliance	Not Applicable to This Project	Consultation Required*	Review Required*	Permits Required*	Determination of consistency Approvals, Permits Obtained*	Conditions and/or Mitigation Actions Required	Provide compliance documentation. Additional material may be attached.
7. Wild and Scenic Rivers [58.5 (f)] [16 U.S.C. 1271 et seq.]							Eightmile River is only designated wild & scenic river within program area running through Lyme, Salem and East Haddam, CT (rivers.gov; November 2012)
8. Air Quality [58.5(g)] [42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.]							Clean Air Act, State Implementation Plan, HUD & EPA Regulations; in general, residential rehabilitation exempted w/no quantifiable increase in air pollution.
9. Farmland Protection [58.5(h)]							Agricultural land use conversion not anticipated. Adverse effects to agricultural resources are not anticipated; clearly defined urban areas. Location not considered protected farmland
Manmade Hazards: 10 A. Thermal Explosive [58.5(i)]							N/A for projects that do not add density
10 B. Noise [58.5(i)]							Not applicable to project – restoration of structure substantially as it existed prior to Super Storm Sandy.
10 C. Airport Clear Zones [58.5 (i)]							Not applicable - Two (2) FAA designated Commercial Service airports in program area: Tweed New Haven Regional and Groton-New London. This property is not located in an Airport Clear Zone. Property does not involve the purchase or sale of an existing property in an airport zone.
10 D. Toxic Sites [58.5 (i)(2)(i)]							The site has no known toxic history based on the attached Toxix Site Certification. The site: 1) is not listed on EPA Superfund National Priorityies or CERCLA list. 2) is not located within 3,000ft of a toxic or solid waste landfill. 3) is not known to have an undergroud storage tank (which is not an undergroud storage fuel tank). 4) Is not known or suspected to be contaminated by radioactive chemicals or radioactive materials.
11. Environmental Justice [58.5(j)]	\boxtimes						Executive Order 12898 Program activities do not anticipate high & adverse human health and environmental effects on minority or low-income populations;
Document Laws and au	thori	lties	liste	d at	Sec.	58.6	and other potential environmental concerns
12 A. Flood Insurance [58.6(a) & (b)]							Located in Zone AE – Map Number 09009C0533J Revised July 8, 2013. See attached FIRMLET Flood insurance required.

Area of Statutory or Regulatory	9	- 7				- 1)	Provide compliance documentation. Additional material may
Compliance	Not Applicable to This Project	Consultation Required*	Review Required*	Permits Required*	Determination of consistency Approvals, Permits Obtained*	Conditions and/or Mitigation Actions Required	be attached.
12 B. Coastal Barriers [58.6(c)]							Property is not located in a Coastal Barrier Resource Zone. See attach map.
12 C. Airport Clear Zone Notification [58.6(d)]							Not applicable - Two (2) FAA designated Commercial Service airports in program area: Tweed New Haven Regional and Groton-New London. This property is not located in an Airport Clear Zone. Property does not involve the purchase or sale of an existing property in an airport zone.
13. A Solid Waste Disposal [42 U.S.C. S3251 et seq.] and [42 U.S.C. 6901-6987 eq seq.]							Resource Conservation and Recovery Act and Solid Waste Disposal Act; Residential Exemption
13 B. Fish and Wildlife [U.S.C. 661-666c]							Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act: Program activities will not result in impounding, diverting, deepening, channelizing or modification of any stream or body of water; not a water control project.
13 C. Lead-Based Paint [24 CFR Part 35] and [40 CFR 745.80 Subpart E]							Lead paint found - See attached Limited Hazardous Materials Inspection Report from Fuss & O'Neill EnviroScience LLC dated July 2014. Give tenant Notice about Lead. Compliance to include removal of lead-based paint, notifications, and clearance examinations.
13 D. Asbestos				\boxtimes			Asbestos found – See attached Limited Hazardous Materials Inspection Report from Fuss & O'Neill EnviroScience LLC dated July 2014. Compliance will include measures to minimize risk of exposure and when necessary abate any hazardous materials.
13 E. Radon [50.3 (i) 1]							Radon concentration less than 4 picocuries per liter of air. See attached Limited Hazardous Materials Inspection Report from Fuss & O'Neill EnviroScience LLC dated July 2014. No action required.
13 F. Mold							Mold Found – See attached Limited Hazardous Materials Inspection Report from Fuss & O'Neill EnviroScience LLC dated July 2014. Follow recommendations in report.
14 A. Flood Management Certification [CGS 25-68]							Property inside Flood Zone AE on FEMA map 09009C0533J Revised July 8, 2013. Certification through the General Permit for CDBG-DR activities with DEEP required. See appendix B Certification form and required documents.
14 B. Structures, Dredging & Fill Act [CGS 22a-359 through 22a-363f]							Not applicable – project is not waterward of the Coastal Jurisdiction Line.
14 C. Tidal Wetlands Act [CGS 22a-28 through 22a-35]							Not located in Tidal wetlands – see attached Zoning Location.Survey.
14 D. Local inland wetlands/watercourses [CGS 22a-42]							Not located in wetlands - see attached letter from Mary Rose Polumbo Inland Wetlands Compliance Officer.

Area of Statutory or Regulatory Compliance	Not Applicable to This Project	Consultation Required*	Review Required*	Permits Required*	Determination of consistency Approvals, Permits Obtained*	Conditions and/or Mitigation Actions Required	Provide compliance documentation. Additional material may be attached.
14 E. Various Municipal Zoning Approvals			1000000				Approvals may be required by Planning/Zoning Commission or ZBA if any work outside original building footprint.
This project cannot convert to Exemprequirements, publish NOI/RROF and	. Funds of becau d obtain	se one o Authori	e drawn or more ty to Use	down fo statutes e Grant qnifican	r this (nov lauthories Funds (H	w) EXEM s requires UD 7015	itigation for compiance with any listed statutes or authorities, nor PT project; OR sconsultation or itigation. Complete consultation/mitigation 16) per •s58.70 and 58.71 before drawing down funds; OR pact. This project requires preparation of an Environmental
Prepared by: Name: Stephen Ball			_	3/1	9//s		
Responsible Entity or designee Signature							
Hermia Delaire, CDBG-DR Program Mana	ager				Date		



ų.			





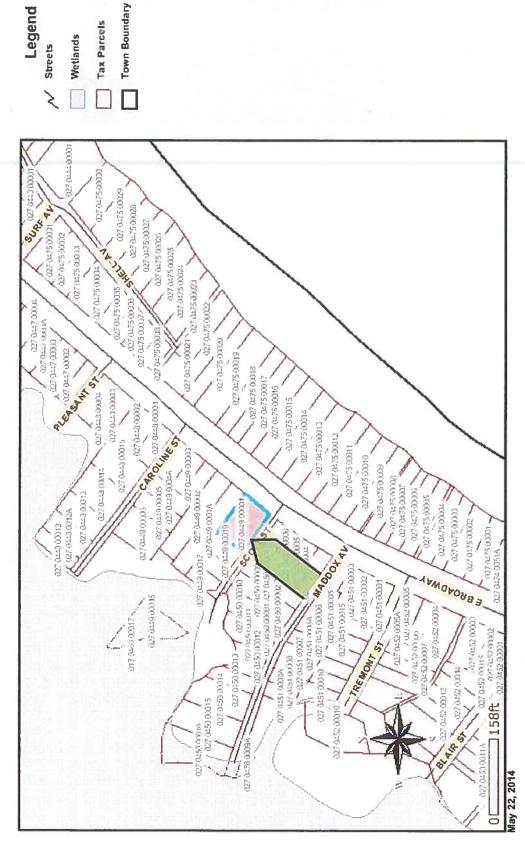






Legend

2 Scott Street



Disclaimer: This map was produced from the City of Milford Geographic Information System. The map was compiled using the most current GIS data available. It is deemed accurate, but is not guaranteed. The City expressly disclaims any liability that may result from the use of this map. This map is not a survey and is subject to any changes an actual land survey discloses.

870 EAST BROADWAY

Location 870 EAST BROADWAY

Assessment \$147,070

Mblu 27/449/1//

Appraisal \$210,110

Acct# 011931 PID 5580

Owner MALONE RICHARD

Building Count 2

Current Value

	Appraisal		
Valuation Year	Improvements	Land	Total
2013	\$77,050	\$133,060	\$210,110
	Assessment		
Valuation Year	Improvements	Land	Total
2013	\$53,930	\$93,140	\$147,070

Owner of Record

MALONE RICHARD Owner

Sale Price

\$0

Co-Owner Address

870 EAST BROADWAY

Sale Date

Book & Page 00839/1420 02/29/1976

MILFORD, CT 06460

Ownership History

Ownership His	tory	
---------------	------	--

No Data for Ownership History

Building Information

Building 1: Section 1

Year Built:

1930

Living Area:

554

Replacement Cost:

\$101,311

Building Percent

70

Good:

Replacement Cost

Less Depreciation:

\$70,920

_		
Bui	ldina	Attributes

Bullo	ing Attributes
Field	Description
Style	Ranch
Model	Residential
Grade:	Below Average
Stories:	1 Story

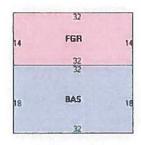
Building Photo

Occupancy	1
Exterior Wall 1	Concr/Cinder
Exterior Wall 2	
Roof Structure;	Flat
Roof Cover	Rolled Compos
Interior Wall 1	Drywall/Sheet
Interior Wall 2	-14 100
Interior Flr 1	Ceram Clay Til
Interior Flr 2	
Heat Fuel	Gas
Heat Type:	Hot Air-no Duc
AC Type:	None
Total Bedrooms:	1 Bedroom
Total Bthrms:	1
Total Half Baths:	0
Total Xtra Fixtrs:	
Total Rooms:	2
Bath Style:	Average
Kitchen Style:	Updated
Bath Desc.	1-Full



(http://images.vgsi.com/photos/MilfordCTPhotos//\00\03 \27/01.JPG)

Building Layout



	Building Sub-Are	as	Legend
Code	Description	Gross Area	Living Area
BAS	First Floor	554	554
UGR	Garage, Unfinished	470	0
		1024	554

Building 2: Section 1

Year Built:

1930

Living Area:

816

Replacement Cost: **Building Percent**

\$122,501

Good:

Replacement Cost

Less Depreciation: \$6,130

Building A	ttributes : Bldg 2 of 2
Field	Description
Style	Bungalow
Model	Residential
Grade:	Average
Stories:	1 Story
Occupancy	
Exterior Wall 1	Wood on Sheath

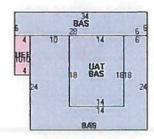
Building Photo



(http://images.vgsi.com/photos/MilfordCTPhotos/\\00\02 \23/83.jpg)

Exterior Wall 2	
Roof Structure:	Gable/Hip
Roof Cover	Asph/F Gls/Cmp
Interior Wall 1	Wall Brd/Wood
Interior Wall 2	
Interior Flr 1	Pine/Soft Wood
Interior Flr 2	
Heat Fuel	None
Heat Type:	None
АС Туре:	None
Total Bedrooms:	1 Bedroom
Total Bthrms:	1
Total Half Baths:	0
Total Xtra Fixtrs:	
Total Rooms:	3
Bath Style:	Old Style
Kitchen Style:	Orlginal
Bath Desc.	1-Full

Building Layout



	Building Sub-Areas		Legend
Code	Description	Gross Area	Living Area
BAS	First Floor	816	816
UEP	Porch, Enclosed, Unfinished	30	0
UST	Utility, Storage, Unfinished	24	0
		870	816

Extra Features

Extra Features	Legend
No Data for Extra Features	

Land

Land	Use
------	-----

Use Code 1010

Description

SINGLE FAM MDL-01

Zone

Neighborhood G Alt Land Appr No

Category

Land Line Valuation

Size (Acres)

0.12

Frontage Depth 60 100

Assessed Value

\$93,140

Appraised Value \$133,060

Outbuildings

Outbuildings	Legend
No Data for Outbuildings	

Valuation History

Appraisal			
Valuation Year	Improvements	Land	Total
2013	\$77,050	\$133,060	\$210,110
2012	\$187,820	\$133,060	\$320,880

2011	\$187,820	\$133,060	\$320,880
	Assessment		
Valuation Year	Improvements	Land	Total
2013	\$53,930	\$93,140	\$147,070
2012	\$131,470	\$93,140	\$224,610
2011	\$131,470	\$93,140	\$224,610

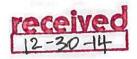
(c) 2013 Vision Government Solutions, Inc. All rights reserved.



Department of Economic and Community Development



December 26, 2014



Hermia M. Delaire
Program Manager
CDBG - Sandy Disaster Recovery Program
Department of Housing
505 Hudson Street
Hartford, CT 06106

Subject:

Department of Housing Superstorm Sandy Reviews

2 Scott Street Milford, CT

Dear Ms. Delaire:

The State Historic Preservation Office has reviewed the information submitted for the above-named pursuant to the provisions of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966. It is the opinion of this office that the property located at 2 Scott Street is eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places as a contributing resource to a potential historic district.

Based on the information provided, the proposed demolition of 2 Scott Street will have an adverse effect on the state's cultural resources.

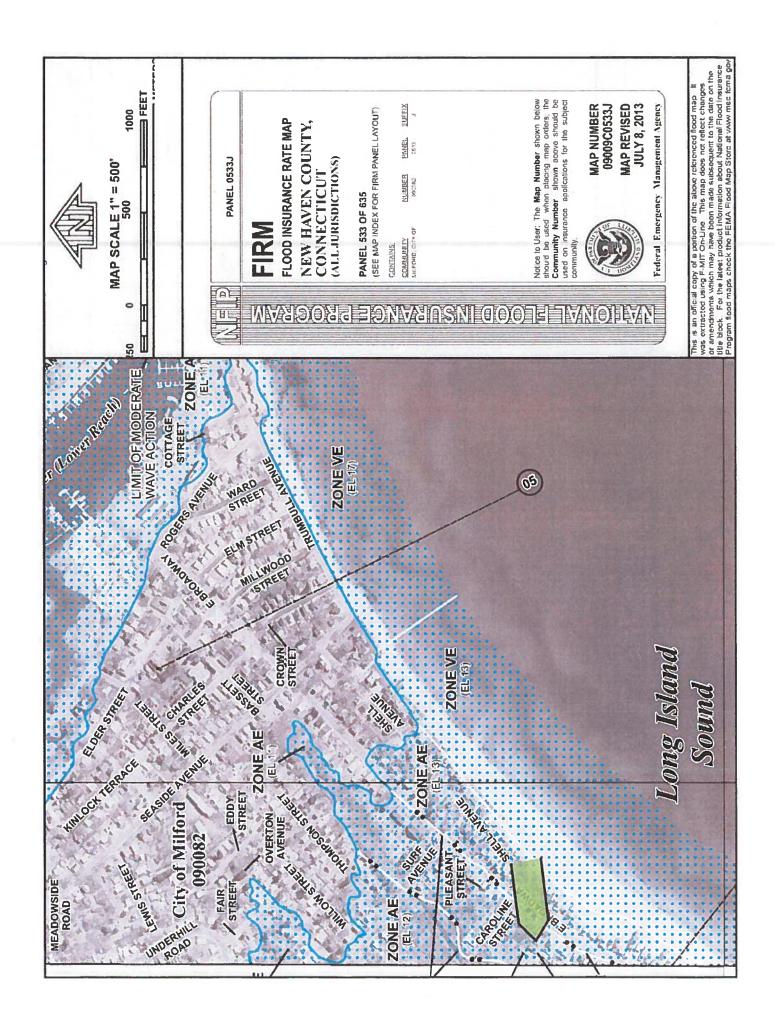
This office appreciates the opportunity to have reviewed and commented upon the project.

For further information please contact Laura L. Mancuso, Environmental Review Coordinator, at (860) 256-2757 or laura.mancuso@ct.gov.

Sincerely,

Mary Dunne

Deputy State Historic Preservation Officer



LEGEND



INUNDATION BY THE 1% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS (SFHAS) SUBJECT TO

The 1% annual chance flood (100-year flood), also known as the base flood, is the flood that has a 1% chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year. The Special Flood Hazard Area is include Zones A, AE, AH, AO, AR, A99, V, and VE. The Base Flood Elevation is the water-surface the area subject to flooding by the 1% annual chance flood. Areas of Special Flood Hazard elevation of the 1% annual chance flood.

No Base Flood Elevations determined. ZONE A

Base Flood Elevations determined. **ZONE AE** Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually areas of ponding); Base Flood Elevations **ZONE AH**

determined.

ZONE AO

ZONE AR

Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually sheet flow on sloping terrain); average

depths determined. For areas of alluvial fan flooding, velocities also determined.

AR indicates that the former flood control system is being restored to provide Special Flood Hazard Areas formerly protected from the 1% annual chance flood by a flood control system that was subsequently decertified. Zone

Area to be protected from 1% annual chance flood by a Federal flood protection from the 1% annual chance or greater flood.

ZONE A99

ZONE V

Coastal flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action); no Base Flood Elevations

protection system under construction; no Base Flood Elevations determined.

determined. **ZONE VE**

Coastal flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action); Base Flood Elevations determined.

FLOODWAY AREAS IN ZONE AE

The floodway is the channel of a stream plus any adjacent floodplain areas that must be kept free of encroachment so that the 1% annual chance flood can be carried without substantial increases in lood heights.

ZONEX

OTHER FLOOD AREAS

average depths of less than 1 foot or with drainage areas less than 1 square Areas of 0.2% annual chance flood; areas of 1% annual chance flood with mile; and areas protected by levees from 1% annual chance flood.

OTHER AREAS

Areas determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance floodplain. **ZONEX**

Areas in which flood hazards are undetermined, but possible. ZONED COASTAL BARRIER RESOURCES SYSTEM (CBRS) AREAS



MAP SCALE 1" = 500'

0

20

MFEET

1000

AE HE

PANEL 0533J

FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP NEW HAVEN COUNTY, (ALL JURISDICTIONS) CONNECTICUT

PANEL 533 OF 635

(SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT)

COMPAUPATY

CONTAINS

NUMBER

SUFFIX

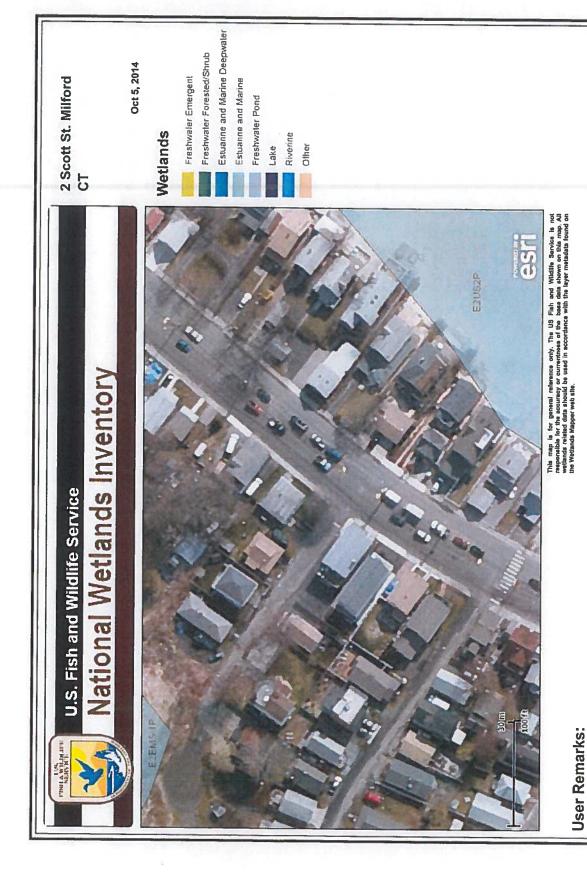
Notice to User. The Map Number shown below should be used when placing map orders; the Community Number shown above should be applications for the subject used on insurance

MAP NUMBER 09009C0533J

JULY 8, 2013 MAP REVISED

Federal Emergency Management Agency

This is an official copy of a portion of the above retrienced flood map. It was extracted using F-MIT On-Lino. This map doos not reflect changos or amandments which may have been made subsequent to the date on the eitle clock. For the lakest product information about National Flood insurance Program flood maps check the FEMA Flood Map Store at www mee fema gov



WOODBRIDGE (3 177 STRATFORD TRUMBULL BRIDGEPOR Any cornel by 170 P Received by 170 P

MAPS AND DIGITAL BATA - Do us he CT DITO wented for this map and a version of others. On the day DUEP wenter for the rightst appeint data shows on this map.

DATA SOURCES

COASTAL BOUNDARY MILFORD, CONNECTICUT

EXPLANATION

Costal Boundary LEGEND









United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

New England Ecological Services Field Office 70 COMMERCIAL STREET, SUITE 300 CONCORD, NH 3301

PHONE: (603)223-2541 FAX: (603)223-0104 URL: www.fws.gov/newengland



May 29, 2014

Consultation Tracking Number: 05E1NE00-2014-SLI-0318

Project Name: Residence at 2 Scott Street, Milford, CT

Subject: List of threatened and endangered species that may occur in your proposed project

location, and/or may be affected by your proposed project.

To Whom It May Concern:

The enclosed species list identifies threatened, endangered, proposed and candidate species, as well as proposed and final designated critical habitat, that may occur within the boundary of your proposed project and/or may be affected by your proposed project. The species list fulfills the requirements of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) under section 7(c) of the Endangered Species Act (Act) of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.).

New information based on updated surveys, changes in the abundance and distribution of species, changed habitat conditions, or other factors could change this list. Please feel free to contact us if you need more current information or assistance regarding the potential impacts to federally proposed, listed, and candidate species and federally designated and proposed critical habitat. Please note that under 50 CFR 402.12(e) of the regulations implementing section 7 of the Act, the accuracy of this species list should be verified after 90 days. This verification can be completed formally or informally as desired. The Service recommends that verification be completed by visiting the ECOS-IPaC website at regular intervals during project planning and implementation for updates to species lists and information. An updated list may be requested through the ECOS-IPaC system by completing the same process used to receive the enclosed list.

The purpose of the Act is to provide a means whereby threatened and endangered species and the ecosystems upon which they depend may be conserved. Under sections 7(a)(1) and 7(a)(2) of the Act and its implementing regulations (50 CFR 402 et seq.), Federal agencies are required to utilize their authorities to carry out programs for the conservation of threatened and endangered species and to determine whether projects may affect threatened and endangered species and/or designated critical habitat.

A Biological Assessment is required for construction projects (or other undertakings having

similar physical impacts) that are major Federal actions significantly affecting the quality of the human environment as defined in the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4332(2) (c)). For projects other than major construction activities, the Service suggests that a biological evaluation similar to a Biological Assessment be prepared to determine whether the project may affect listed or proposed species and/or designated or proposed critical habitat. Recommended contents of a Biological Assessment are described at 50 CFR 402.12.

If a Federal agency determines, based on the Biological Assessment or biological evaluation, that listed species and/or designated critical habitat may be affected by the proposed project, the agency is required to consult with the Service pursuant to 50 CFR 402. In addition, the Service recommends that candidate species, proposed species and proposed critical habitat be addressed within the consultation. More information on the regulations and procedures for section 7 consultation, including the role of permit or license applicants, can be found in the "Endangered Species Consultation Handbook" at:

http://www.fws.gov/endangered/esa-library/pdf/TOC-GLOS.PDF

Please be aware that bald and golden eagles are protected under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 668 et seq.), and projects affecting these species may require development of an eagle conservation plan

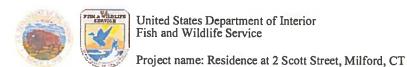
(http://www.fws.gov/windenergy/eagle_guidance.html). Additionally, wind energy projects should follow the wind energy guidelines (http://www.fws.gov/windenergy/) for minimizing impacts to migratory birds and bats.

Guidance for minimizing impacts to migratory birds for projects including communications towers (e.g., cellular, digital television, radio, and emergency broadcast) can be found at: http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/CurrentBirdIssues/Hazards/towers/towers.htm; http://www.towerkill.com; and

http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/CurrentBirdIssues/Hazards/towers/comtow.html.

We appreciate your concern for threatened and endangered species. The Service encourages Federal agencies to include conservation of threatened and endangered species into their project planning to further the purposes of the Act. Please include the Consultation Tracking Number in the header of this letter with any request for consultation or correspondence about your project that you submit to our office.

Attachment



Official Species List

Provided by:

New England Ecological Services Field Office 70 COMMERCIAL STREET, SUITE 300 CONCORD, NH 3301 (603) 223-2541 http://www.fws.gov/newengland

Consultation Tracking Number: 05E1NE00-2014-SLI-0318

Project Type: Federal Grant / Loan Related

Project Description: Raise residence at 2 Scott Street Milford, CT to proper flood elevation.





United States Department of Interior Fish and Wildlife Service

Project name: Residence at 2 Scott Street, Milford, CT

Project Location Map:



Project Coordinates: MULTIPOLYGON (((-73.0611736 41.2065262, -73.0615609 41.2067353, -73.061356 41.2069617, -73.0609483 41.2067522, -73.0611736 41.2065262)))

Project Counties: New Haven, CT





United States Department of Interior Fish and Wildlife Service

Project name: Residence at 2 Scott Street, Milford, CT

Endangered Species Act Species List

There are a total of 1 threatened, endangered, or candidate species on your species list. Species on this list should be considered in an effects analysis for your project and could include species that exist in another geographic area. For example, certain fish may appear on the species list because a project could affect downstream species. Critical habitats listed on the Has Critical Habitat lines may or may not lie within your project area. See the Critical habitats within your project area section further below for critical habitat that lies within your project. Please contact the designated FWS office if you have questions.

Roseate tern (Sterna dougallii dougallii)

Population: northeast U.S. nesting pop.

Listing Status: Endangered



United States Department of Interior Fish and Wildlife Service

Project name: Residence at 2 Scott Street, Milford, CT

Critical habitats that lie within your project area

There are no critical habitats within your project area.



United States Department of the Interior

FISH & WILDLIFE SERVICE

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

New England Field Office 70 Commercial Street, Suite 300 Concord, NH 03301-5087 http://www.fws.gov/newengland

Reference: See attached sheet for a list of projects covered by this letter December 2, 2014

Mr. Stephen Ball 294 White Deer Rocks Road Woodbury, CT 06798

Dear Mr. Ball:

This responds to your recent correspondence requesting information on the presence of federally listed and/or proposed endangered or threatened species in relation to the proposed activities referenced above. These comments are provided in accordance with the Endangered Species Act (87 Stat. 884, as amended; 16 U.S.C. 1531, et seq.).

Based on information currently available to us, no federally listed or proposed, threatened or endangered species or critical habitat under the jurisdiction of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service are known to occur in the project areas. While the proposed projects do occur within the ranges of the federally endangered roseate tern (*Sterna dougallii dougallii*) and the federally threatened piping plover (*Charadrius melodus*), we anticipate that neither species would nest or forage within the project areas, based on the lack of suitable habitat and distance from known breeding colonies and nesting areas. Because none of these properties abut the beach, and the proposed work will occur within the existing structures' footprints, we anticipate that there will be no need for equipment or workers to be present on the beach, and therefore there will be no impact to these species or their habitat. Preparation of a Biological Assessment or further consultation with us under section 7 of the Endangered Species Act is not required. No further Endangered Species Act coordination is necessary for a period of one year from the date of this letter, unless additional information on listed or proposed species becomes available.

To obtain updated lists of federally listed or proposed threatened or endangered species and critical habitats, it is not necessary to contact this office. Instead, please visit the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's Environmental Conservation Online System website for the Information, Planning, and Conservation System:

http://ecos.fws.gov/ipac/ (accessed November 2014)

By following the procedures outlined on the website, you should be able to generate a species list or a no species present determination for your project. There are also links to listed species documents that may allow you to conclude if habitat for a listed species is present in the project area. If no such habitat exists, then no federally listed species are present in the project area and there is no need to contact us for further consultation. If the above conclusion cannot be reached, further consultation with this office is advised. Information describing the nature and location of the proposed activity that should be provided to us for further informal consultation can be found at the above-referenced site.

Thank you for your coordination. Please contact Ms. Cindy Maynard of this office at 401-364-9124, extension 37, if we can be of further assistance.

Sincerely yours,

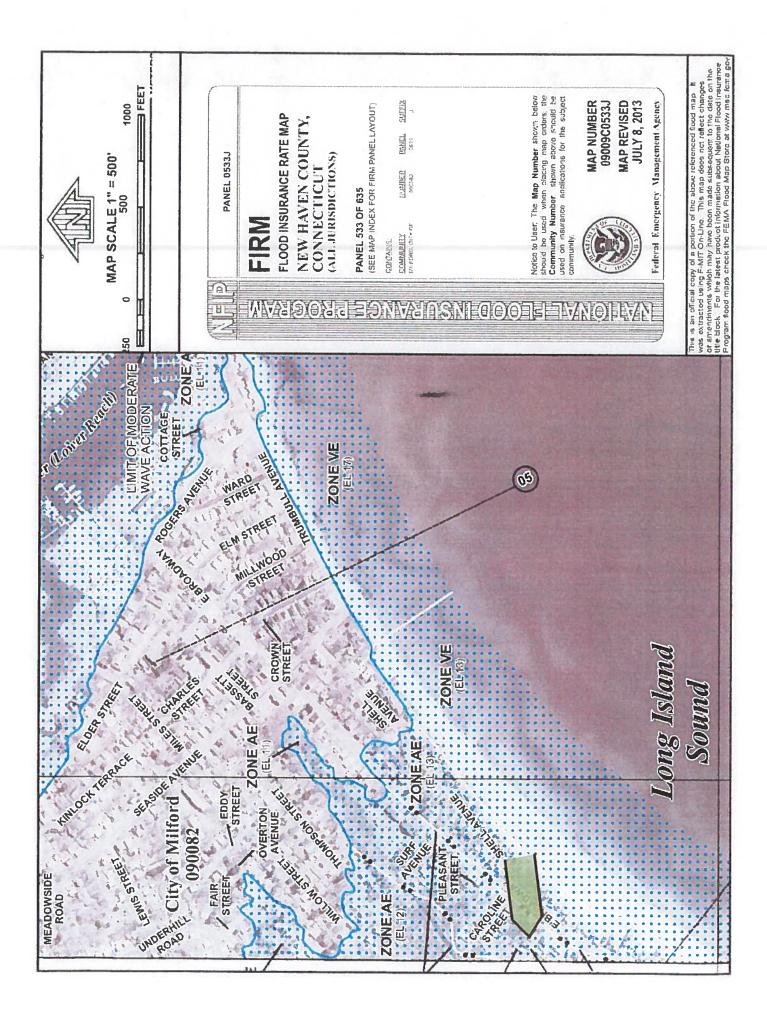
Thomas R. Chapman

Supervisor

New England Field Office

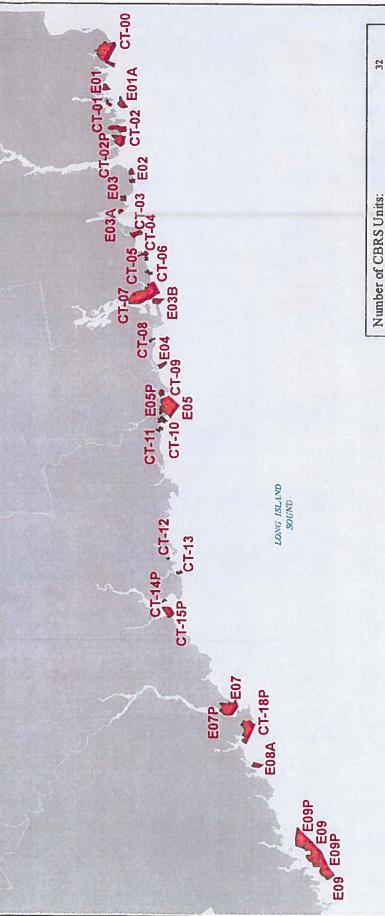
Mr. Stephen Ball December 2, 2014

Project	Location
Property renovation Property renovation	104 Melba Street, Milford, CT 14 Cooper Avenue, Milford, CT
Property renovation	10 Coolridge Road, Milford, CT
Property renovation	2 Scott Street, Milford, CT
Property renovation	70 Shell Avenue, Milford, CT
Property renovation	30 Westland Avenue, Milford, CT



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JOHN H. CHAFEE COASTAL BARRIER RESOURCES SYSTEM CONNECTICUT



1.130 9,245 8,115 32 Number of Otherwise Protected Areas: Associated Aquatic Habitat Acres: Number of System Units: Shoreline Miles: Upland Acres: Total Acres:

Boundaries of the John H. Chafee Coastal Barrier Resources System (CBRS) shown on this map were transferred from the official CBRS maps for this area and are depicted on this map (in red) for informational purposes only. The official CBRS maps are enacted by Congress via the Coastal Barrier Resources Act, as amended, and are maintained by the U.S. Fish and Widlier Service. The official CBRS maps are available for download at http://www.fws.gov/habitatconservation/coastal_barrier.html.

CT-15P

E07P E07

E08A CT-18P

Limited Hazardous Materials Building Inspection Report

Storm Sandy Residential Rehabilitation Project
2 Scott Street
Milford, Connecticut

Quisenberry Arcari Architects, LLC

Farmington, Connecticut

July 2014



Fuss & O'Neill EnviroScience, LLC 56 Quarry Road Trumbull, CT 06611

.



July 17, 2014

Mr. Thomas Arcari Principal Quisenberry Arcari Architects LLC 318 Main Street Farmington, CT 06032

RE: Limited Hazardous Materials Building Inspection Storm Sandy Residential Rehabilitation Project 2 Scott Street, Milford, Connecticut

Fuss & O'Neill EnviroScience Project No. 20140277.C4E

Quisenberry Arcari Project No. 1346-33

Dear Mr. Arcari:

Enclosed is the report for the limited hazardous materials building inspection performed at 2 Scott Street in Milford, Connecticut.

The initial inspection was performed on June 6, 2014, by Fuss & O'Neill EnviroScience, LLC state-licensed inspectors and included an asbestos inspection, testing for lead-based paint, a lead-based paint risk assessment, airborne radon assessment, mold assessment, and assessments for PCB-containing light ballasts and mercury hazards.

The information summarized in this document is for the above-mentioned materials only. It does not include information on other hazardous materials that may exist in the property (such as underground storage tanks, PCB-containing building materials, etc.).

If you have any questions regarding the contents of this report, please do not hesitate to contact us at (203) 374-3748. Thank you for this opportunity to have served your environmental needs.

Sincerely,

Trumbull, CT 06611 † 203.374.3748 800.286.2469

56 Quarry Road

f .203.374.4391

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Connecticut
Massachusetts
Rhode Island
South Carolina

Kevin McCarthy Project Manager Timothy M. Downey
Senior Project Manager



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Limited Hazardous Materials Building Inspection Report
Quisenberry Arcari Architects LLC
2 Scott Street, Milford, Connecticut

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1 Introduction

On June 6, 2014, Fuss & O'Neill EnviroScience, LLC (EnviroScience) Environmental Technicians, Mr. Robert Hobbins and Mr. Ulkens Auguste performed a limited hazardous materials building inspection of the residential structure located at 2 Scott Street in Milford, Connecticut (the "Site"). Mr. Hobbins and Mr. Auguste are State of Connecticut-licensed Asbestos Consultants - Inspectors and Certified Lead Paint Inspectors. A lead paint risk assessment was performed within the residence by Mr. Auguste on the same day. Mr. Auguste is a State of Connecticut-Certified Lead Paint Inspector/Risk Assessor. The residential structure was not occupied at the time and date of the inspection. Refer to Appendix A for EnviroScience state licenses, certifications, and accreditations.

This inspection was performed in response to the planned renovations to damaged or impacted areas of the building caused by Superstorm Sandy, as identified in the *Draft Residence Rehabilitation Letter* dated May 2, 2014, provided by Quisenberry Arcari Architects. The limited inspection consisted of the following:

- A inspection for asbestos-containing materials (ACM) associated with the scheduled structure flood elevation, first floor fit-out, window replacement, and exterior siding replacement,
- Testing and risk assessment of painted surfaces coated with lead-based paint (LBP);
- An evaluation of fluorescent light fixtures for polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB)-containing light ballasts;
- An inventory of light tubes/lamps, and devices for mercury;
- Airborne radon gas assessment;
- A mold assessment.

2 Asbestos Inspection

A Property Owner must ensure that performance of a thorough inspection for ACM, prior to possible disturbance of suspect ACM during renovation or demolition, is conducted. This is a requirement of the United States (US) Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) regulation located at Title 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M.

This includes Friable, Non-Friable Category I, and Non-Friable Category II ACM.

- A Friable Material is defined as material that contains greater than one percent (>1%) asbestos, that when dry can be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure.
- A Category I Non-Friable Material refers to material that contains greater than one percent (>1%) asbestos (e.g. packings, gaskets, resilient floor coverings, asphalt roofing products, etc.) that when dry cannot be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure.
- A Category II Non-Friable Material refers to any non-friable material (excluding Category I materials) that contains greater than one percent (>1%) asbestos that when dry cannot be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure.

During this inspection, suspect ACM were separated into three EPA categories. These categories are: thermal system insulation (TSI), surfacing ACM, and miscellaneous ACM. TSI includes all materials used to prevent heat loss or gain or water condensation on mechanical systems. Examples of TSI are pipe



insulation, boiler insulation, duct insulation, and mudded pipe fitting insulations. Surfacing ACM includes all ACM that is applied by spray or trowel, or otherwise applied to an existing surface. Surfacing ACM is commonly used for fireproofing, decorative, and acoustical applications. Miscellaneous materials include all ACM not listed in thermal or surfacing, such as linoleum, vinyl asbestos flooring, and ceiling tiles.

Samples are recommended to be collected in a manner sufficient to determine asbestos content and include homogenous building materials. The EPA NESHAP regulation does not specifically identify a minimum number of samples to be collected and analyzed, but recommends the use of sampling protocols included in EPA Title 40 CFR Part 763, Sub-Part E - Asbestos Containing Materials in Schools regulation.

2.1 Methodology

Samples of suspect ACM were collected in accordance with EPA recommendations and Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (AHERA) protocols. The protocols included the following:

- Surfacing Materials (SURF) (e.g., plaster, spray-on fireproofing, etc.) were collected in a randomly distributed manner representing each homogenous area based on the overall quantity represented by the sampling as follows:
 - a. Three samples collected from each homogenous area that is less than or equal to (≤)
 1,000 square feet.
 - b. Five samples collected from each homogenous area that is greater than (>) 1,000 square feet, but less than or equal to 5,000 square feet.
 - c. Seven samples collected from each homogenous area that is greater than (>) 5,000 square feet.
- 2. Thermal System Insulation (TSI) (e.g., pipe insulation, tank insulation, etc.) was collected in a randomly distributed manner representing each homogeneous area. Three bulk samples were collected as representative of each homogeneous material type, and sent to laboratory for asbestos analysis. Also, a minimum of one sample of any patching material (less than 6 linear of square feet) applied to TSI was collected.
- 3. Miscellaneous Materials (MISC) (e.g. floor tile, gaskets, construction mastics, etc.) had a minimum of two samples collected as representative of each homogenous material type. Sampling was conducted in a manner sufficient to determine asbestos content of the homogenous material as determined by the Asbestos Inspector. If materials identified were of (significant) minimal quantity, only a single sample was collected.

The Asbestos Consultants – Inspectors collected samples and prepared proper chain of custody forms for transmission of samples to an accredited laboratory for analysis by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM). The sampling locations, material type, quantity, sample identification, and asbestos content are identified by bulk sample analysis in Tables 1 and 2 of the "Results" section. Any materials on the site not listed in the following tables should be considered suspect ACM until sample results indicate otherwise. Refer to Appendix B for PLM analytical results for asbestos bulk samples and chain of custody forms.



2.2 Results

Utilizing the EPA protocol and criteria, the following materials were determined to be ACM:

Table 1
Asbestos Containing Materials

Location	Material Type	Asbestos Estimated Content Quantity		Sample No.	
Kitchen/Dining Room	White Self-Stick Sheet Flooring	5% Chrysotile	100 SF	0606BH16A	
Side Entryway to Kitchen	Exterior Door Window Glazing Compounds	2% Chrysotile	1 Door System	0606BH25A	

Note: SF=Square Feet

Utilizing the EPA protocol and criteria, the following materials were determined to be non-ACM:

Table 2
Non-Asbestos Containing Materials

Location	Material Type	Sample No.	
Living Room	Textured Ceiling/Wall Paint	0606BH01A-G	
Crawlspace	Hair-like Pipe Insulation	0606BH02A-C	
Main Floor	Sheetrock & Taping Compound	0606BH03A-B, 04A-B, 05	
Kitchen/Dining Room	Green Wall Panel & Associated Glue	0606BH06A-B, 07A-B	
Furnace Room	Gray Wall Panel & Associated Glue	0606BH08A-B	
Porch	Yellow Wall Panel Glue	0606BH10A-B	
Bathroom	Sink Countertop/Glue	0606BH11A-B	
Kitchen/Dining Room Wall at Appliances	Brick, Grout, & Backing	0606BH12A-B, 13A-B, 14A-B	
Storage Room	Green/White Self-Stick Sheet Flooring	0606BH15A-B	
Bathroom	Ceramic Floor Tile, Grout, & Thinset	0606BH17A-B, 18A-B, 19A-B	
Side Entryway at Kitchen	Bottom & Top Layer Shingle Siding	0606BH20A-B, 21A-B	
Building Exterior	Silver Paper Behind Siding	0606BH22A-B	
Main Building Exterior Window Systems	Eutosias Window Clarica Communication	0606BH23A-C	
Porch Exterior Window Systems	Exterior Window Glazing Compounds	0606BH24A-C	



Location	Material Type	Sample No.	
Exterior of Building	Concrete Block Foundation & Grout	0606BH26A-B, 27A-B	
Crawlspace	Concrete Slab Floor	0606BH28A-B	

2.3 Discussion

The EPA defines any material that contains greater than one percent (> 1%) asbestos, utilizing PLM, as an ACM. Materials that are identified as "none detected" are specified as not containing asbestos.

2.4 Recommendations and Conclusions

ACM identified in Section 2.1 - Table 1 must be removed by a State of Connecticut-licensed Asbestos Abatement Contractor prior to building renovations that will disturb the materials. This is a requirement of the State of Connecticut Department of Public Health (CTDPH) Standards for Asbestos Abatement.

Note that since this asbestos inspection was limited, we recommend conducting a supplemental inspection of hidden and inaccessible areas (behind walls/beneath fixed floors, exterior foundation, within operational mechanical equipment, etc.) prior to demolition/renovation activities.

Any suspect material encountered during renovation activities that is not identified in this report as being non-ACM, should be assumed to be ACM unless sample results prove otherwise.

3 Lead-Based Paint Testing

EnviroScience conducted testing for surfaces coated with LBP within the Site structure. On June 6, 2014, Mr. Hobbins and Mr. Auguste performed the testing. The purpose of the testing was for compliance with EPA's Renovation, Repair, and Painting Rule (RRP) located at Title 40 CFR, Parts 745.80 through 92), and the US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Lead-Safe Housing Rule (Title 24 CFR, Part 35, Subparts B-R). Mr. Auguste performed a risk assessment for the purpose of HUD Lead-Safe Housing Rule compliance.

3.1 Methodology

A direct reading X-ray fluorescence (XRF) analyzer was used to perform the testing. The testing was conducted in accordance with the protocol outlined in the attached document: "Testing Procedures and Equipment" (refer to Appendix C).

For the purpose of this testing, various interior and exterior building components representing the initial painting history of the building, and any building-wide repainting by the owners/managers of these building components were tested. Individual repainting efforts are not discoverable in such a limited testing program. The purpose of this testing was to identify patterns and trends in the painting history of



the building to determine if the EPA Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) analysis is required for demolition debris prior to off-site disposal. Additionally, representative lead in dust wipe samples was collected for the risk assessment portion of the project.

The Site structure was constructed of wood siding exterior with metal/wood window and door systems. The interior is composed of sheetrock, with wood and concrete floors. There were no children under the age of six present within the residence at the time and date of the inspection.

3.2 XRF Testing Results

The testing indicated consistent painting patterns and trends throughout the building interior and exterior. The following building components were determined to contain toxic levels of lead (greater than 1.0 milligrams of lead per square centimeter of paint [mg/cm²]):

Table 3
Lead Painted Building Materials

Building Component	Location	Reading (mg/cm²)	Defective?	
Window Trim		3.6	Yes	
Window Sash	Storage Room	1.7	Yes	
Siding behind Sheetrock Wall		5.7	Yes	
Door Jamb	D1	1.1	Yes	
Window Trim	Porch	3.9	Yes	
Door Jamb	W: 1 /D' : D	9.5	Yes	
Door Casing	Kitchen/Dining Room	1.7	Yes	
Window Trim	Furnace Room	1.3	Yes	
Door Jamb		6.7	Yes	
Door Casing	Side Entry to Kitchen	> 9.9	Yes	
Wall Trim		> 9.9	Yes	
Upper Trim	r Trim Exterior Side A		Yes	
Window Sash Exterior Side A - Basement Window		1.1	Yes	

The lead testing field data sheets and diagrams are provided as Appendix D of this report.



3.3 TCLP Sample Results

If components of a building that is slated for demolition have toxic levels of lead-based paint, a TCLP analysis needs to be conducted to determine whether debris generated from demolition needs to be disposed of as lead waste. The EPA has determined that if the result of the analysis is more than 5.0 mg/L (milligram per liter), the waste needs to be disposed of as lead-contaminated waste.

The laboratory results of the TCLP sample indicate lead leaches as a concentration of 1.36 milligrams per liter (mg/L), which is below the EPA RCRA hazardous waste characterization standard of 5.0 mg/L.

Phoenix Environmental Laboratories, Inc. of Manchester, Connecticut performed the analysis. TCLP analytical sample results are provided as Appendix F in this report.

3.4 Dust Wipe Sample Results

Representative dust wipe samples were collected inside the Site structure to evaluate whether a lead dust hazard exists. The sample numbers, locations, and results are as follows:

Table 4
Lead Dust Wipe Sample Results

Sample No.	Location	Results*	
060614UA-01	Storage Room Floor	1,000 μg/ft²	
060614UA-02	Storage Room Window Sill	20,000 μg/ft²	
060614UA-03	Furnace Room Floor	120 μg/ft²	
060614UA-04	Furnace Room Window Sill	8,900 μg/ft ²	
060614UA-05	Porch Floor	3,200 μg/ft²	
060614UA-06	Porch Window Sill	4,000 μg/ft ²	
060614UA-07	Kitchen/Dining Room Floor	55 μg/ft²	
060614UA-08	Kitchen/Dining Room Floor (Duplicate Sample)	95 μg/ft²	
060614UA-09	Kitchen/Dining Room Window Sill	510 μg/ft²	
060614UA-10	Field Blank	<10 μg/ft²	
060614UA-11	Field Blank	<10 μg/ft ²	

^{*}Results reported in µg/ft² = micrograms per square foot

Dust wipe samples were collected from window sill and floor locations as delineated on our chain of custody form. The dust wipe sampling was conducted in accordance with the protocol outlined in the document "Lead Testing Procedures and Equipment" (refer to *Appendix C*). Sample results were compared to CTDPH standards for dust as follows:



- 40 μg/ft² for floors
- 250 μg/ft² for window sills

The analytical sample results and chain of custody forms are provided as Appendix E in this report.

3.5 Lead in Soil and Drinking Water

No bare soil areas were identified along the drip line of the Site; therefore lead content in soil was not assessed. In addition, water service to the residence was previously disconnected; therefore lead in drinking water was not assessed.

3.6 Recommendations and Conclusions

The following building components were determined to be coated with toxic levels of lead in paint:

- Storage Room Window Trim, Window Sash, and Siding behind Sheetrock
- Porch Door Jamb and Window Trim
- Kitchen/Dining Room Door Casing and Door Jamb
- Furnace Room Window Trim
- Side Entry to Kitchen Door Casing, Door Jamb, and Wall Trim
- Exterior Side A Upper Trim and Basement Window Sash

Interior defective LBP identified at the Site must be abated. Exterior defective LBP identified on the exterior upper trim and basement window sashes on the A-Side of the residence may be managed with interim controls that consist of scrapping defective LBP and encapsulating the painted surface with a CTDPH-approved encapsulant.

The laboratory results of the TCLP sample indicate lead leaches as a concentration of 1.36 milligrams per liter (mg/L), which is below the EPA RCRA hazardous waste characterization standard of 5.0 mg/L. Therefore, the waste may be disposed as general construction and demolition debris.

Dust wipe sample results were above the CTDPH standard for the floor and window sill surfaces in the storage room, porch, kitchen/dining room, and furnace room sample locations. A lead dust hazard does exist in the areas tested, as well as assumed to exist in other areas that were not tested. Lead dust located on the floor and window sills must be cleaned to below the CTDPH clearance standard of $40 \, \mu g/ft^2$ (floors) and $250 \, \mu g/ft^2$ (window sills).

This inspection was performed as inspection of representative surfaces within the residence that are scheduled to be disturbed and can be utilized to determine applicability requirements for the RRP rule on surfaces tested. If a specific component or surface is not identified as having been tested during this inspection, it should be presumed to contain lead paint until tested and identified as non-toxic.



The Contractor should be aware that OSHA has not established a level of lead in a material below which Title 29 CFR, Part 1926.62 ("Lead in Construction") does not apply. The Contractor shall comply with employee exposure assessment criteria, interim worker protection, and other requirements of the regulation, as necessary, to protect workers and building occupants from potential lead exposure. Contractor's should be aware that the threshold limit of 1.0 mg/cm² for purposes of RRP requirements is not recognized by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) and worker exposures are still subject to the Lead in Construction regulation (Title 29 CFR, Part 1926.62).

4 PCB-Containing Fluorescent Ballasts Assessment

Fluorescent light ballasts manufactured prior to 1979 may contain capacitors that contain PCBs. Ballasts installed as late as 1985 may contain PCB capacitors. Fluorescent light ballasts that are not labeled as "No-PCBs" must be assumed to contain PCBs unless proven otherwise by quantitative analytical testing. Capacitors in fluorescent light ballasts labeled as non-PCB-containing may contain diethylhexl phthalate (DEHP). DEHP was the primary substitute to replace PCBs for small capacitors in fluorescent lighting ballasts in use until 1991. DEHP is a toxic substance, a suspected carcinogen and is listed under RCRA and the Superfund law as a hazardous waste. Therefore, Superfund liability exists for land filling both PCB and DEHP-containing light ballasts. These listed materials are considered hazardous waste under RCRA and require special handling and disposal requirements.

4.1 Methodology

On June 6, 2014, EnviroScience representative Mr. Hobbins performed a visual inspection of representative fluorescent light fixtures to identify possible PCB-containing ballasts. The inspection involved visually inspecting labels on representative light ballasts to identify dates of manufacture and labels indicating "No PCB's". Ballasts manufactured after 1991 were not listed as a PCB or DEHP-containing ballast and not quantified for disposal. Those ballasts without a label indicating "No PCB's" are presumed to be PCB waste and must be segregated for proper removal, packaging, transport and disposal as PCB waste. Those ballasts with date labels indicating manufacture prior to 1991 which indicate "No PCB's" are presumed to contain DEHP and must be segregated for proper removal, packaging, transport, and disposal as non-PCB-hazardous waste. The disposal requirements are slightly varied and costs are slightly less for DEHP than PCB-containing light ballasts.

4.2 Results

The light ballasts observed in the building were labeled either with the manufacturer's information or a "No PCBs" label. The light ballasts labeled with the manufacturer's information are assumed to contain PCBs and the light ballasts labeled "No PCBs" are assumed to contain DEHP.



4.3 Recommendations and Conclusions

If the renovation activities will disturb these materials, the ballasts not labeled "No PCBs" should be properly recycled as PCBs. The remaining light ballasts that are labeled "No PCBs" should be properly recycled as assumed DEHP-containing waste.

5 Mercury-Containing Devices Assessment

Fluorescent lamps are presumed to contain mercury vapor which is a hazardous substance to both human health and the environment. Thermostatic controls and electrical switch gear may contain a vial or bulb of mercury associated with the control. Mercury-containing equipment is regulated for proper disposal by the EPA RCRA. Mercury lamps according to the EPA are considered a Universal Waste requiring all fluorescent lamps to be recycled or disposed as hazardous waste.

5.1 Methodology

On June 6, 2014, EnviroScience's representative Mr. Hobbins performed a visual inventory of mercury-containing lamps/tubes, thermostats, switches, and gauges. These fixtures were inventoried in-place.

5.2 Conclusions

No fluorescent light lamps/tubes, thermostats, switches, or gauges were observed within the Site structure.

6 Mold Visual Assessment

On June 6, 2014, EnviroScience representative Mr. Hobbins performed a visual assessment for the presence of suspect mold and water intrusion.

A bulk sample of visible suspect mold growth were collected for direct microscope analysis. Direct analysis identifies all types of mold spores, but does not differentiate between viable and non-viable mold spores. Non-viable mold spores can be of interest with respect to health, as well as viable spores. The analysis was performed at EMSL Analytical, Inc. of Cinnaminson, New Jersey.

6.1 Observations

Suspect mold growth was identified on the sheetrock wall of the furnace room. Mold was confirmed at low levels by laboratory identification of Aspergillius/Penicillium, Basidiospores, Myxomucetes, Ascospores, and Stachybotrys and high levels of Chaetomium in the bulk sample collected.

Refer to Appendix G for analytical mold bulk sample results.



6.2 Recommendations

Potential exposure to mold during renovation should be considered, and appropriate work protection, possible use of engineering controls, and surface treatment of mold on building materials to remain is recommended.

Where feasible, we recommend building materials that are to remain in areas of visible suspect mold growth be cleaned and treated with a mold inhibitor. Remediation of visible suspect mold growth and removal of water-damaged building materials should be performed within a negative pressure enclosure/environment, using properly-trained and protected workers. Removal should comply with guidance according to EPA and the Institute of Inspection, Cleaning and Restoration Certification (IICRC).

7 Airborne Radon Gas Information, Sampling and Procedure

7.1 Radon Gas Facts and Health Effects

Radon is a naturally-occurring radioactive gas produced by the natural breakdown (decay) of uranium which is found in soil and rock throughout the US. Radon gas travels through soil and enters buildings through cracks and other penetrations in building foundations. Eventually the gas itself decays into radioactive particles (decay products) that can become trapped in the lungs during human respiration. As these particles in turn decay they release small bursts of radiation which can damage lung tissue and lead to lung cancer over the course of a person's lifespan.

EPA studies have determined that radon gas concentrations in outdoor air average approximately 0.4 picoCuries per liter of air (pCi/L). However, radon and its decay products can accumulate to a much higher concentration inside a building. The EPA has adopted a recommended action level of 4.0 pCi/L; equal to or above which the EPA recommends that building owners take action to reduce the level of airborne radon with the building.

Radon is a colorless, odorless and tasteless gas, and thus, the only way to know whether or not an elevated level of radon gas is present in a building is to test the air for radon gas. Each frequently occupied room that is in contact with the lowest living level of the building should be measured, as even adjacent rooms can have significantly different levels of radon.

Again, radon is a known human carcinogen. Prolonged exposure to elevated radon concentrations causes an increased risk of lung cancer. Like other environmental pollutants, there is some uncertainty about the magnitude of radon health risks. However, scientists are more certain about radon risks than risks from most other cancer-causing environmental pollutants as estimates of radon risk are based on studies of cancer in humans (underground miners). Additional studies on more typical, non-occupationally exposed, populations are underway.



EPA estimates that radon may cause about 14,000 lung cancer deaths in the US each year, with a range of 7,000 to 30,000. The US Surgeon General has warned that radon gas is the second-leading cause of lung cancer deaths after smoking, and is the leading cause among non-smokers.

7.2 Airborne Radon Gas Sampling Methodology

From June 6, 2014, to June 9, 2014, EnviroScience representatives Mr. Hobbins and Mr. Auguste deployed passive radon gas detection canisters in limited areas within the Site structure. The canisters were retrieved at least 48-hours, but not later than 96-hours later. The canisters were supplied by Radon Testing Corporation of America (RTCA).

It is recommended that such canisters be placed at least 20-inches from the floor and 12-inches away from exterior walls. Also, it is recommended that the canisters not be placed near drafts resulting from Heating, Ventilating and Air Conditioning (HVAC) intakes and returns, doors, and at least 36-inches from windows. Also, canisters should not be exposed to direct sunlight, be covered up, or otherwise disturbed during the testing period. A closed building condition is also utilized for 12-hours prior to testing being conducted.

Sample analysis was performed by RTCA; results are included in Appendix H.

7.3 Airborne Radon Gas Quality Assurance Procedure

EPA strongly recommends that quality assurance measurements are included in radon measurement studies. Quality assurance measurements include side-by-side canisters (duplicates), and unexposed control canisters (blanks).

Duplicates are pairs of canisters deployed in the same location, side-by-side, for the same measurement period. Duplicates are placed in at least ten percent of all sampling locations. These duplicate canisters are stored, deployed, removed, and shipped to the laboratory for analysis in the same manner as the other canisters. If either or both of the analysis in a duplicate pairing is above the EPA standard of 4.0 pCi/L the relative percent difference (RPD) between the two tests must be determined. If the allowable difference is exceeded, the test is determined to be invalid and a new duplicate test must be analyzed. If both canister results are below the EPA standard then the RPD is not calculated since, despite any disparity, both results are below the EPA standard.

Blanks are utilized to determine whether the manufacturing, shipping, storage, and processing of the canisters has affected the accuracy of airborne radon gas sampling procedures. Blanks are unopened, unexposed canisters that are deployed with and shipped with the exposed canisters, so the processing laboratory treats them without bias. The number of blanks is at least five percent of the total number of canisters deployed, up to a maximum of 25 canisters.



7.4 Airborne Radon Gas Analytical Results

Four canisters, including one duplicate and one blank, were placed in target locations within the structure during sampling that was performed June 6, 2014, to June 9, 2014. The radon gas concentrations in the samples collected during the assessment ranged from 0.1 pCi/L to 0.3 pCi/L. The EPA threshold for radon gas is 4.0 pCi/L.

In *Table 5* below, the locations and results of quality control duplicate tests are listed for the sampling conducted from June 6, 2014, to June 9, 2014:

Table 5
Duplicate Samples Results – June 6, 2014 – June 9, 2014

Location	Canister Numbers	Radon Concentration (pCi/Liter)			
		Sample	Sample Duplicate	Sample Average	
Bedroom	2313971 & 2314006	2.4	2.3	2.25	Percent Difference Not Needed (No Concentrations Above 4.0 pCi/Liter)

Note Duplicate testing results were satisfactory.

In Table 6 below, the locations and results of quality control blank tests are listed for sampling conducted from June 6, 2014, to June 9, 2014:

Table 6
Blank Samples Results – June 6, 2014 – June 9, 2014

Location	Canister Numbers	Radon Concentration (pCi/Liter)
Living Room	2314670	0.3

Note Blank testing results were satisfactory

In Table 7 below, the locations, canister numbers, and radon concentrations are listed for the airborne radon assessment conducted from June 6, 2014, to June 9, 2014:

Table 7
Radon Sampling Results – June 6, 2014 – June 9, 2014

Location	Canister Numbers	Radon Concentration (pCi/Liter)
Bedroom	2313971	0.1
Living Room	2314037	0.2



7.5 Recommendations and Conclusions

During the course of the initial radon gas measurement assessment, four sampling canisters, including one duplicate and one blank, were placed in targeted locations within the Site structure. Of the four samples analyzed, the analytical results of each of the samples were below EPA recommended action level of 4.0 pCi/L. No further action regarding radon gas is required.

Photographs are provided in Appendix I.

Report prepared by Environmental Technician Robert Hobbins.

Reviewed by:

Kevin McCarthy Project Manager Timothy M. Downey
Senior Project Manager



Appendix A

Fuss & O'Neill EnviroScience State Licenses, Certifications and Accreditations

**PRSRT T5 0 0664 06040 0001088 JOHN R. HOBBINS C/O FUSS & O'NEIL ENVIROSCIENCE, LLC 146 HARTFORD ROAD MANCHESTER CT 06040

Dear Licensed/Certified Professional,

Aftached you will find your validated license/certification for the coming year. Should you have any questions about your license/certificate renewal, please do not hesitate to write or call:

Department of Public Health

(860) 509-7603

P.O. Bex 340808

M.S.#12110A

http://www.dph.state.ct.us

Martford, CT 96134-9398

Sincerely.

IPA, COMMISSIONER

INSTRUCTIONS:

STATE OF CONNECTICUT DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE GENERAL STATUTES OF CONNECTICUT
THE INDIVISION AND BELOW S LICENSED
THE HEAVISIANT AS A

ASBESTOS CONSULTANT, INSPECTOR

LICENSE NO. 000700 CLICALISM THROUGH 01/31/15 VALIDATION NO. 08-708142

Atha Chatterine

EMPLOYER'S COPY STATE OF CONNECTICUT DESERVENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH 000700 PROFESSION ASBESTOS CONSULTANT-INSPECTOR

. WALLET CARD

STATE OF CONNECTICUT DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

000700

CURRENT THROUGH 01/31/15

PROFESSION ASBESTOS GONSULTANT-INSPECTOR

146 Harrford Road, Manchester, CT 96040 (860) 646-2469 September 4, 2014 AFR-09/13-6 Experiment Date Solut Robert Robert This is no sentify that Scanination Date & Grade

John R. Hobbins C/O FUSS & O'NEILL ENVIROSCIENCE, LLC 146 HARTFORD ROAD MANCHESTER, CT 06040 Dear Licensed/Certified Professional,

Attached you will find your validated license/certification for the coming year. Should you have any questions about your license/certificate renewal, please do not hesitate to write or call:

Department of Public Health

(860) 509-7603

P.O. Box 340308

M.S.#12MQA

http://www.dph.state.ct.us

Hartford, CT 06134-0308

Sincerely,

Source Mullen M

JEWEL MULLEN, MD, MPH, MPA, COMMISSIONER DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

INSTRUCTIONS:

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свой батом но. 2156

John R. Hobbins

CURRENT THROUGH 01/31/2015 VALIDATION NO.

Just Miller me

COMMISSIONER

John R. Hobbins

compagnation
placement of the compagnation
Lead Inspector

John R. Hobbins

Ohtens

Lead Inspector

. +

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT

This certifies that

John Robert Hobbins

97 Montowese Street, Branford, CT 06405 000-00-6853

has successfully completed the

INSPECTOR REFRESHER

Training Course conducted by Cardno ATC 73 William Franks Drive West Springfield, MA 01089 (413) 781-0070

Principal Instructor: Neal Freuden

January 30, 2014
Date of Course

CTLIR-205 Certificate Number

January 30, 2014 Exam Date January 30, 2015 Expiration Date

Training Manager: Gregory Morsch

Training received complies with the requirements of the Connecticut Department of Public Health pursuant to Section 477 of the Connecticut General Statutes.

0001789 FP **PRSRT T7 0 1284 08040
ULKENS AUGUSTE
146 HARTFORD RD
C/O FUSS & O'NEL ENVIRO SCIENCE
MANCHESTER CT 06040-5992

Dear Licensed/Certified Professional,

Attached you will find your validated license/certification for the coming year. Should you have any questions about your license/certificate renewal, please do not he sitate to write or call:

Department of Public Health

(860) 509-7603

P.G. Box Second M.S. Facilità

http://www.dph.stata.ct.us

Hardand, CT 90484-9888

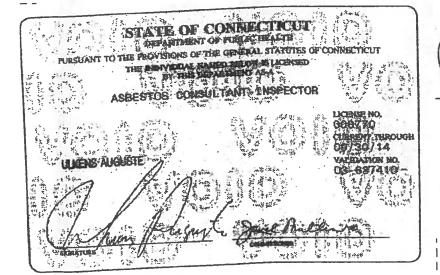
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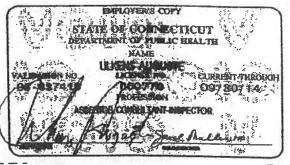
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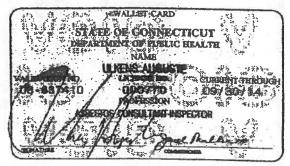
INSTRUCTIONS:

Deluch and sign each of the curds on this form.
 Display the large card in a precisions place in your office or piace of business.
 Display the large card in a precision water person. If you do not wish to energy

4. The employer's copy is the persons who must demonstrate current licensure/excitication in order to retain employment or privileges. The amployer's card is to be presented to the employer and kept by them so a part of your personnel file. Only one copy of this card can be supplied to you.







Fuss & O'Neill EnviroScience, LLC

146 Hartford Road, Manchester, CT 06040 - (860) 646-2469

This is to certify that

Ulkens Auguste

xxx-xx-6277

Asbestos Accreditation under TSCA Title II 4 Hr. Asbestos Inspector Refresher has successfully completed the 40 CFR Part 763

Certificate Number AI-R-01/14-4

January 6, 2015

Expiration Date

January 6, 2014
Date of Course

16hn Rowinski, Principal Instructor

January 6, 2014

Examination Date

0001768 FP APPRINT TO 0 1264 08040
ULKENS AUGUSTE
146 HARTFORD RD
C/O FUSS & O'NEIL ENVIRO SCIENCE
MANCHESTER CT 08040-5992

Dear Licensed/Certified Professional,

Attached you will thin your validated license/certification for the certifing year, should you have any questions about your license/certificate renewal, please do not hesitate to write or call:

Department of Public Health

(860) 509-7603

P.O. Box \$49908

M.S.#12MGA

http://www.dph.state.ct_us

Hartford, CT 00134-0000

Sincerely.

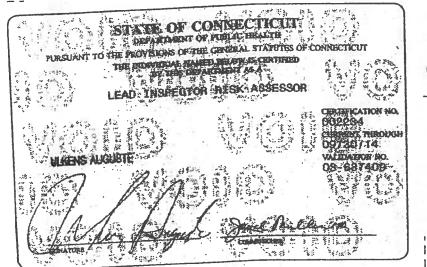
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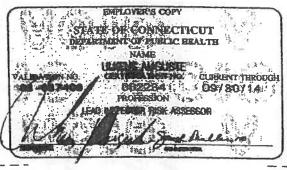
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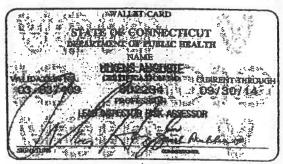
INSTRUCTIONS:

Detach and sign each of the cards on this form.
 Display the large card in a preminent place in your office or place of business.
 The wallet card is for you to earry on your person. If you do not wish to carry

4. The employer's copy is for persons who must demonstrate curvent Reconstructeriffication in order to retain employment or privileges. The employer's earl is to be presented to the employer and kept by them as a part of your personnel like. Only one copy of this card can be applied to you.







Fuss & O'Neill EnviroScience, LLC

146 Hartford Road, Manchester, CT 06040 - (860) 646-2469

This is to certify that

Ulkens Auguste xxx-xx-6277

has successfully completed the

8 Hour Lead Inspector Risk Assessor Refresher Course (Approved per Sec. 20-477, CT General Statutes)

(U.S.C. 1001 and 15 U.S.C. 2615), I certify that this training complies with all applicable requirements of Title IV of TSCA, Under civil and criminal penalties of law for the making or submission of false or fraudulen statements or representations 40 CFR part 745 and any other applicable Federal, State, or local requirements.

Brian Santos, Principal Instructor

Robert L. May, Jr., Frainfing Manager

LIRA-R-02/14-1

Certificate Number

February 20 & 25, 2014

Dare of Course

February 25, 2014

Examination Date

February 25, 2015

Expiration Date



Appendix B

Asbestos Sample Results and Chain of Custody Forms

	×	

OrderID: 041416197 OrderID: 041416197

041416197



www.fando.com

Seliding: 2.5c	ott Sireet	Project Manager: K. McCarthy
	Sample Location	Material
Sample ID	Living Room	Textused Colling/Wall Paint
heast to the	Living Room	Textused Colling/Well Palet
OSOSINIOI C	Living Room	Textured Colling/Wall Paint
OSMERIOID	Living Room	
OSOSBHOLE	Living Room	
OGOGRADA P	: Living Room	
CONTRACT CON	Living Room	
	Constitute	
	Carulapace	Hale-Like Pipe in Hale-Like Pipe
Company of the last		Halarpa
STREET, STREET	Carwlepace	The state of the s
et tesa	Mein Floor	Sheetrock
	Main Floor	Sheetrock
BEREIT AN	Main Ploor	Taping Compound
OSOGENIO4B	Main Floor	Taping Compound
060501105	Main Floor	Sheetrock & Taping Compound
Analysis Method: 🔯 P	d time indicated above, analyses are due to EnviroScience on	Turnsround Time 24 hour or before this date: Please call the Environment of the Enviro
Pax Results to the Est	ill be late at 203-374-3748. visuScience Laboratory at: 888-838-1160. Stop analysis on first positive sample in each homogeneous	set of samples unless otherwise noted. Do not layer a
notes indicated. No po	Int count.	
Samples collected by:	Bithold Dates 6-6	
Samples [Roc'd] [Sent	by 1 84 11 Date: 16-	9-19 1 Time:

5

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OrderID:	041416197		1
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416197

MISS & O'NEILL Savir Science, LC

www.fando.com

Phone 203-374-3748 Fex 203-374-4391 Road, Trumbill, CT 06611 SAMPLE LOG FOR ASBESTOS BULKS Shoet 2 of 5 Landy Residential Rehab-2 Scott Street, Milford, CT Project No. 20140277.CdB took 2 Project Manager: K. McCerthy Material Remail: Location Sample ID Gener Wall Pencil Kitchen/Dining Room AMERICA Kitchen/Dising Room Green Well Proof Well Penel Glac Kitchen/Dining Room MENTO 7 A Wall Pend Glas Kindien/Dining Room AND TOTAL Grey Well Panel Pumara Room Goey Wall Penel Purnace Room 1,71 Wall Panel Glas Persece Room Town. Yellow Wall Panel (Bathanom Blak Countertop/ Glas Bathenom Countertop/ Gine Belek Rischen/Dining Room-wall at appliance Kinchen/Dining Room-well at appliance Brick Grout Kirchen/Dining Room-wall at appliance Turnsround Tirse 24 hour Other sis Method: PL on the turnscound lime indicated shove, analyses are due to EnviroSpience on or before this date: ______. Please call the EnviroSpience atory if analyses will be late at 200-374-3748. ults to the Earlie Science Laboratory at: 888-638-1160. p analysis on first positive assegle in each homogeneous set of samples unless otherwise noted. Do not have samples les collected by: B. Hoffi Date: 6-6-14 Time: 1 Date 16-9 ____l Time: m Moc'dl Bent b _ Date: __ Time: __ Other_ To: KI EMS State NI of Shipment: B Fed Ex Other _____ P 172014\0277\C4H\lab data\COC_HIL_201441609.doc

Page 1 Of

OrderID: 041416197 OrderID: 041416197

04/4/6197

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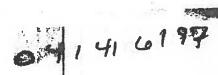
www.fando.com

Quary Road, Trumball, CT 06611 Phone 203-374-3748 Pax 203-374-4391 SAMPLE LOG FOR ASBESTOS BULKS Sheet 2 of 5 Street Rendy Residential Rebab - 2 Scott Street, Milford, CT Project No. 20140277.CAB task 2 Project Manager: K. McCarthy Sample Location Material Sample ID Kitchen/Dining Room-wall at appliance Belek Geout DEBH13B Kitchen/Dining Room will at applience Beick Grout Beckins GRANIAA Kinchen/Dining Room-wall at appliance Brick Grout Baching 1001146 Green/White Sheet Flooring AZPI SA Storage Room Genera/White Elepat Plooning Storage Room 15150 Kitchen/Dining Room White Sheet Pleasing Kitchen/Dinleg Room 4 Hathroom County Views 15 Ceremic Plant Tile Genut County Rank Commic Place 2 194 Bostom Layer Malage Ballan Elds Hadlyway (north) Sich Battyway (north) Bottom Layer Mingle Siding is Method: PLI Other Turnaround Time 24 hour d on the turnsround time indicated above, analyses are due to EnviroScience on or before this date: ______ Please call the EnviroScience entrey if analyses will be late at 203-374-3748. oScience Laboratory at: 888-838-1160. analysis on first positive semale in each homologoous set of samples unless otherwise poted. Do not large samples indicated. No no ples collected by: B. Holen Date: 6-6-14 oles [Rec'd][Sent 14] [Bb | Date | 6-9 ___l Time: Date: _ Time: _ in Received by: Other_ ped To: K BMSL State NI hod of Shippsout: 🗐 Pod Ex 🔲 Other

Page 2 Of

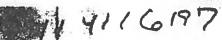
Page 3 Of 5

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Custry Road, Trumb	At the second se		Phone 203-374-3748 Fax 203-374-4391
	SAMPLE LOG FOR		
oloct Name:Stoom			
2 Scot			Project Manager K. McCorthy
Sample ID	Remple Location		Material
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20121B	Side Battyway (potiti)		Top Layer Shingle Skiling
CONTRACTOR	Hatedox of Building		Silver Paper hebited Miling
de la company	Exterior of Building	ahara ili	Biliver Paper behind Giding 5 53
and Sandrage	Baseline of Building-Main Building Wise	aw Systems	Extender Window Chaing Compandig
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	Busines of Building		Constant State Sta
Marie Anna	Benefite of Building		Concents Black Grout
Ambrin Method: (2) PL	1 Other		Turnsround Time 24 hour
11		cience on or before	this date: Please call the EnviroScience
17	Decience Laboratory at: 806-838-1160.		
		eneous set of semi	ples unless otherwise noted. Dip not layer margles
and indicated Tife pair	count		
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OrderID:	041416197
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OrderID:	041416197



www.fundo.com ny Read, Tramball, CT 06611 Phone 203-374-3748 Fax 203-374-4391 SAMPLE LOG FOR ASBESTOS BULKS Sheet S of S Strong Sandy Residential Rehab-2 Scott Street, Milford, CT Project No. 20140277,CAR tests 2 Project Manages: K. McCarthy Sangle Location Material Sample ID Extender of Building Concrete Black Grout : 10 Remains of Building-Caraligace Reterior of Building-Cretispace Turneround Time is Method: PLA ()ther ne indicated above, analyses are due to EnviroScience on or before this date: n the transvound time indicated above, an any if endyses will be late at 203-374-3746. alta to the BavitpScience Leboratory at: 888-838-1160. makein on first positive sample in each homogeneous set of samples unless otherwise noted. De-B. Holdowin 6-6-9 Dates 1 Date | 6-4 _ Date: _ ed To: BMSI State NI Other_ nod of Shipment: Fod Ex Other 20034\0277\C4R\bb dank\CCC_RH_2014-0609.doc

Page 4 Of Page 5 Of 5

To: Kevin McCarthy

Page: 8/14

Date: 6/11/2014 8:47:55 AM



EMSL Analytical, Inc.

200 Route 130 North, Cinnaminson, NJ 08077 Phone/Fex: (800) 220-3675 / (858) 786-5974

http://www.EMSL.com

clmasblab@EMSL.com

EMSL Order:

041416197

CustomeriD: CustomerPO: ENVI54 20140277.C4E

ProjectID:

Attn: Kevin McCarthy

Fuss & O'Neill EnviroScience, LLC 146 Hartford Road Manchester, CT 06040

Phone:

(860) 646-2469

Fax

(888) 838-1160

Received:

06/10/14 9:30 AM

Analysis Date:

6/10/2014

Collected:

6/6/2014

Project: Storm Sandy Residential Rehab-2 Scott St, Miford CT / 20140277.C4E Task 2 / 2 Scott Street

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using **Polarized Light Microscopy**

Non-Asbestos

Asbestos

						Adductyd	
ample	Description	Appearance	%	Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type	
0606BH01A 041416197-0001	Living room - Textured ceiling/Wall paint	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected	
0606BH01B 041416197-0002	Living room - Textured ceiling/Wall paint	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected	
0606BH01C 041416197-0003	Living room - Textured ceiling/Wall paint	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected	
0606BH01D 041416197-0004	Living room - Textured ceiling/Wail paint	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected	
0606BH01E 041416197-0005	Living room - Textured celling/Wall paint	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected	
0606BH01F 041416197-0008	Living room - Textured celling/Wall paint	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected	
0606BH01G 041416197-0007	Living room - Textured ceiling/Wall paint	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected	
0606BH02A 041416197-0008	Crawlspace - Hair- like pipe insulation		50% 40% 5%	Cellulose	5% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected	

Analyst(s)

Samaniha Rundstorm (27)

Tin Nguyen (34)

Stephen Siegel, CIH, Laboratory Manager or other approved signatory

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To: Kevin McCarthy

Page: 7/14

Date: 6/11/2014 8:47:55 AM



EMSL Analytical, Inc.

200 Route 130 North, Cinnaminson, NJ 08077 Phone/Fax: (600) 220-3675 / (858) 788-5974

http://www.EMSL.com

cinnasblab@EMSL.com

EMSL Order:

041416197

20140277.C4E

CustomerID:

ENV154

CustomerPO:

ProjectiD:

Attn: Kevin McCarthy

Fuss & O'Neili EnviroScience, LLC 146 Hartford Road Manchester, CT 06040

Phone:

(860) 646-2469

Fax Received: (888) 838-1160

Analysis Date:

06/10/14 9:30 AM

6/10/2014

Collected:

6/6/2014

Project: Storm Sandy Residential Rehab-2 Scott St, Miford CT / 20140277.C4E Task 2 / 2 Scott Street

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

			•	Non-Ast	pesios	<u>Asbestos</u>	
Sample	Description	Appearance	%	Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type	
0606BH02B	Crawlspace - Hair-		50%	Hair	5% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected	
041416197-0009	like pipe Insulation	Fibrous Homogeneous	40% 5%	Cellulose Synthetic			
			570	- Cyria is is			
0606BH02C	Crawlspace - Hair-		50%	Hair	20% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected	
041416197-0010	like pipe insulation		10%	Synthetic			
U41410187-UU1U		Homogeneous	20%	Cellulose			
0606BH03A	Main floor -	Brown/Gray	5%	Cellulose	95% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected	
041416197-0011	Sheetrock	Fibrous Homogeneous					
0606BH03B	Main floor - Sheetrock	Brown/Gray	20%	Cellulose	80% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected	
041416197-0012		Fibrous Homogeneous					
0606BH04A	Main floor -	White			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected	
041416197-0013	Taping compound	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous					
0606BH04B	Main floor -	White		9	100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected	
041416197-0014	Taping compound	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous					
0606BH05	Main floor -	Brown/Gray	10%	Celluiose	90% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected	
041416197-0015	Sheetrock & taping compound	Fibrous Homogeneous					
0606BH06A	Kitchen/dining	Black/Green	30%	Cellulose	70% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected	
041418197-0016	room - Green wall panel	Fibrous Homogeneous		*			

Anaiyst(s)

Samantha Rundstorm (27)

Tin Nguyen (34)

Stephen Siegel, CIH, Laboratory Manager or other approved signatory

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To: Kevin McCarthy

Page: 8/14

Date: 6/11/2014 8:47:55 AM



EMSL Analytical, Inc.

200 Route 130 North, Cinnaminson, NJ 08077 Phone/Fax: (800) 220-3675 / (858) 788-5974

http://www.EMSL.com

cinnasblab@EMSL.com

EMSL Order:

041416197

Customerl D: CustomerPO: ENVI54 20140277.C4E

ProjectID:

Attn: Kevin McCarthy

Fuss & O'Neili EnviroScience, LLC 146 Hartford Road Manchester, CT 06040

Phone:

(860) 646-2469

Fax:

(888) 838-1160

Received:

06/10/14 9:30 AM

Analysis Date:

6/10/2014

Collected:

6/6/2014

Project: Storm Sandy Residential Rehab-2 Scott St, Miford CT / 20140277.C4E Task 2 / 2 Scott Street

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

		Non-Asbestos				Asbestos
Sample	Description	Appearance	%_	Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
0606BH06B	Kitchen/dining	Black/Green	40%	Celiulose	60% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
041416197-0017	room - Green wall panel	Fibrous Homogeneous				
0606BH07A	Kitchen/dining	Tan			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
041416187-0018	room - Wall panel glue	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous				
06068H07B	Kitchen/dining	Tan			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
041418197-0019	room - Wali panel glue	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous				
0606BH08A	Furnace room -	Gray/Black	30%	Cellulose	70% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
041418197-0020	Grey wall panel	Fibrous Homogeneous				E 1
0606BH08B	Furnace room -	Gray/Black	40%	Cellulose	60% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
041416197-0021	Grey wall panel	Fibrous Homogeneous				
0606BH09A	Furnace room -	Tan			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
041416197-0022	Wall panel glue	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous				
0606BH09B	Furnace room -	Tan			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
041418197-0023	Wall panel glue	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous				
0606BH10A	Porch - Yellow	Yellow			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
041416197-0024	wall panel glue	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			•	

Analysi(s)

Samantha Rundstorm (27)

Tin Nguyen (34)

Stephen Siegel, CIH, Laboratory Manager or other approved signatory

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Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using **Polarized Light Microscopy**

Non-Asbestos **Asbestos** Description Appearance Fibrous % Non-Fibrous % Type Sample 100% Non-fibrous (other) None Detected Porch - Yellow Tan 0606BH10B wall panel glue Non-Fibrous 041416197-0025 Homogeneous Bathroom - Sink 100% Non-fibrous (other) None Detected 0606BH11A Brown countertop/glue Non-Fibrous 041416197-0026 Homogeneous 100% Non-fibrous (other) Bathroom - Sink None Detected Brown 0606BH11B countertop/glue Non-Fibrous 041416197-0027 Homogeneous White/Red 5% Cellulose 93% Non-fibrous (other) None Detected Kitchen/Dining 0606BH12A room-wall at Non-Fibrous 2% Fibrous (other) 041416197-0028 appliances - Brick Homogeneous Sample contains vermiculite. White/Red 93% Non-fibrous (other) None Detected 2% Fibrous (other) 0606BH12B Kitchen/Dining room-wall at Non-Fibrous 5% Cellulose 041418197-0029 appliances - Brick Homogeneous Sample contains vermiculite Kitchen/Dining Gray 100% Non-fibrous (other) **None Detected** 0606BH13A moom-wall at Non-Fibrous 041416197-0030 appliances - Brick Homogeneous grout Kitchen/Dining 100% Non-fibrous (other) Gray **None Detected** 0606BH13B room-wall at Non-Fibrous 041416197-0031 appliances - Brick Homogeneous arout

Analysi(s)

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Project: Storm Sandy Residential Rehab-2 Scott St, Miford CT / 20140277.C4E Task 2 / 2 Scott Street

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using **Polarized Light Microscopy**

				<u>Asbestos</u>		
Sample	Description	Appearance	%	Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
0606BH14A 041416197-0032	Kitchen/Dining room-wall at appliances - Brick grout backing	Black Fibrous Homogeneous	40%	Celiulose	60% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
0606BH14B 041416197-0033	Kitchen/Dining room-wall at appliances - Brick grout backing	Black Fibrous Homogeneous	40%	Cellulose	60% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
06068H15A	Storage room - Green/white sheet flooring	White/Black/Gree n Fibrous Homogeneous	20%	Cellulose	80% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
0606BH15B 041416197-0035	Storage room - Green/white sheet flooring	White/Black Fibrous Homogeneous	20%	Cellulose	80% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
0606BH16A 041416197-0036	Kitchen/dining room - White sheet flooring	White Fibrous Homogeneous			95% Non-fibrous (other)	5% Chrysotile
0606BH16B 041416197-0037	Kitchen/dining room - White sheet flooring				e	Stop Positive (Not Analyzed)
0606BH17A 041416197-0038	Bathroom - Ceramic floor tile	Red Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
0606BH17B 041416197-0039	Bathroom - Ceramic floor tile	Red Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	65		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected

Analyst(s)

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Project: Storm Sandy Residential Rehab-2 Scott St, Miford CT / 20140277.C4E Task 2 / 2 Scott Street

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using **Polarized Light Microscopy**

				Non-Asi	<u>Asbestos</u>	
iample	Description	Appearance	%	Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
0606BH18A 041416197-0040	Bathroom - Ceramic floor tile grout	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
0606BH18B 041416197-0041	Bathroom - Ceramic floor tile grout	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
0606BH19A 041416197-0042	Bathroom - Ceramic floor tile thinset	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
0606BH19B 041416197-0043	Bathroom - Ceramic floor tile thinset	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
0606BH20A 041418197-0044	Side entryway (north) - Bottom layer shingle siding	Various/Black Fibrous Homogeneous	30%	Cellulose	70% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
0606BH20B 041416197-0045	Side entryway (north) - Bottom layer shingle siding	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	15%	Cellulose	85% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
0606BH21A 041416197-0046	Side entryway (north) - Top layer shingle siding	Brown/Black Fibrous Homogeneous	30%	Cellulose	70% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
0606BH21B 041416197-0047	Side entryway (north) - Top laye shingle siding	Black Fibrous Homogeneous	20%	Cellulose	80% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected

Analyst(s)

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Project: Storm Sandy Residential Rehab-2 Scott St, Milford CT / 20140277.C4E Task 2 / 2 Scott Street

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

			bestos	Asbestos		
Sample	Description	Appearance	- %	Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
0606BH22A 041416197-0048	Exterior of building - Silver paper behind alding	Brown/Silver Fibrous Homogeneous	60%	Cellulose '	40% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
0606BH22B 041416197-0049	Exterior of building - Silver paper behind siding	Black/Silver Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	60%	Cellulose	40% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
0606BH23A 041416197-0050	Exterior of building-Main building window system - Exterior window glazing compounds	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
0606BH23B 041416197-0051	Exterior of building-Main building window system - Exterior window glezing compounds	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
0608BH23C 041416197-0051A	Exterior of building-Main building window system - Exterior window glazing compounds	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected

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Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using **Polarized Light Microscopy**

Non-Asbestos **Asbestos** Description Appearance Fibrous % Non-Fibrous % Type Sample Exterior of 100% Non-fibrous (other) None Detected 0606BH24A building-porch Non-Fibrous 041416197-0052 window systems -Homogeneous Exterior window glazing compounds White 100% Non-fibrous (other) None Detected Exterior of 0606BH24B building-porch Non-Fibrous 041416197-0053 window systems -Homogeneous **Exterior window** glazing compounds White 100% Non-fibrous (other) 0606BH24C Exterior of None Detected building-porch Non-Fibrous 041416197-0053A window systems -Homogeneous Exterior window glazing compounds 2% Chrysotile 98% Non-fibrous (other) 0606BH25A Exterior of Tan building-Side Non-Fibrous 041418107-0054 entryway (north) Homogeneous to kit - Exterior window glazing compounds Stop Positive (Not Analyzed) Exterior of 0606BH25B building-Side 041416197-0055 entryway (north) to kit - Exterior window glazing compounds

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Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using **Polarized Light Microscopy**

		. *		Non-Asi	pestos	<u>Asbestos</u>	
Sample	Description	Appearance	%	Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type	
0606BH26A 041418197-0058	Exterior of building - Concrete block foundation	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected	
0606BH26B 041416197-0057	Exterior of building - Concrete block foundation	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected	
0606BH27A 041416197-0058	Exterior of building - Concrete block grout	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected	
0606BH27B 041416197-0059	Exterior of building - Concrete block grout	Gray Non-Fibrous Homoganeous			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected	
0606BH28A 041416197-0060	Exterior of building- crawispace - Concrete slab floor	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	3%	Cellulose	97% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected	
0606BH28B 041416197-0061	Exterior of building- crawlspace - Concrete slab floor	Gray/Tan Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected	

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Appendix C

Lead Paint Testing Procedures and Equipment



Standard Operating Procedures HUD and State of Connecticut Lead-Based Paint Inspections

Testing Procedures and Equipment

The U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) "Guidelines for the Evaluation and Control of Lead Hazards in Housing, September 1997" were consulted for this lead evaluation. HUD has been the agency at the federal level with responsibility for the establishment of national lead-based paint standards for testing and abatement. The HUD document will be referenced as the Guidelines in this report. The State of Connecticut Department of Public Health's current lead regulations, Lead Poisoning Prevention and Control (19a-111-1 through 19a-111-11) were also consulted.

This lead evaluation was comprehensive. A comprehensive inspection means that representative painted surfaces were systematically evaluated on a room-by-room basis in accordance with the Guidelines and the State of Connecticut regulations.

Lead-based paint surfaces and components were identified by utilizing on-site x-ray fluorescence (XRF) instruments. EnviroScience Consultants, Inc. owns and utilizes Radiation Monitoring Device LPA-1s (RMD instruments) exclusively for lead-based paint testing. Each instrument is operated in accordance with state and federal and manufacturer standards on the use of the instruments. State and federal protocols provide, with the exception of wall surfaces, one reading with the instrument on a representative component in each room, i.e., baseboard, chair rail, etc., as sufficient to establish the lead paint classification of all the representatives of that component type in a room. In the case of walls, because of the large spatial areas involved and the variability in lead content in paint over such large areas, the federal and state governments want a reading on each wall surface in a room. Therefore, representative testing is not permitted for walls.

The federal government has developed Performance Characteristic Sheets (PCS) for the type of instrument cited above. Each instrument must be calibrated in accordance with these PCSs on a 1.0-milligram lead standard. Each of EnviroScience's instruments has one of these standards assigned to it. Some of the standards were purchased directly from the government and the others from the manufacturers of the instruments.

For the RMD in the standard reading mode on metal, a Substrate Equivalent Lead (SEL) concentration has to be determined. To determine the SEL, the paint is removed from the surface of the component to obtain a bare substrate reading. After removing the paint, the surface is wiped with a 5% trisodium phosphate solution (a heavy duty cleaner). All paint residue is collected and properly disposed. Once the paint and surrounding area are cleaned, the XRF is utilized to determine the SEL for each surface. The SEL values are subtracted from the XRF values to determine the Corrected Lead Concentration (CLC). The CLC is the lead content of the paint on the component tested.

The RMD instrument has federal government-determined positive and negative ranges for the definition of lead-based paint. XRF results are classified using either the threshold or the inconclusive range. For the threshold, results are classified as positive if they are greater than or equal to the threshold and negative if they are less than the threshold. There is no inconclusive



classification when using the threshold values associated with an RMD instrument. The ranges for the RMD instrument and their various operating modes are as follows:

Radiation Monitoring Device LPA Analyzer 1

30-Second Standard Mode Reading Description	Substrate	Threshold (mg/cm²)	
Results corrected for substrate bias on metal	Brick	1.0	
substrate only.	Concrete	1.0	
	Drywall	1.0	
	Metal	0.9	
	Plaster	1.0	
	Wood	1.0	

Quick Mode Reading Description	Substrate	Threshold (mg/cm²)	Inconclusive Range (mg/cm²)
Readings not corrected for substrate	Brick	1.0	None
bias on any substrate.	Concrete	1.0	None
	Drywall	1.0	None
	Metal	1.0	None
	Plaster	1.0	None
	Wood	1.0	None

Prior to the start of any testing, a sketch of the building is drawn, and side designations are given to help identify exactly where readings were taken. Drawings depicting the room-numbering scheme are located on the cover page(s) for the building(s) inspected. Each side of the building was labeled A, B, C, or D. The wall "A" side of the unit is generally the side of primary entrance into a dwelling, and this room is always Room 1. Areas in the units include rooms, hallways, and closets. Areas are numbered in a clockwise fashion as building construction allows. This allows the inspector to indicate which substrate surface was tested. The condition of the surface is described by a check mark in the appropriate column, under the heading "condition of surface" on the testing form.

When more than one surface type was present on a side, the component tested was indicated with a number. If two windows were present on a building side, they were numbered left to right. Closet shelves and shelf supports were numbered top to bottom.

It is understood that the room layouts presented in the report are in conformance with the conditions that exist at the time the testing is performed. EnviroScience avoids labeling a room solely by its current functional use (i.e., living room, bedroom, etc.) since this use can change over time. Similarly, room layouts can change dramatically as dwellings are renovated and additions are built, incorporating existing rooms, or existing interior walls are moved or eliminated altogether.



Lead Dust Wipe Sampling Protocol

Data Collection

- A. A description of the sample location is recorded.
- B. Surface type (floor, windowsill, window well) is noted.
- C. Surface area measurements are recorded.

Wipe Sampling Method

- A. The area to be wiped is identified and measured.
- B. A disposable glove is put on and the "ghost wipe" package is opened.
- C. Without touching any other surface, the wipe is opened and placed flat down on the surface. Using firm, consistent pressure, a wipe is taken in a single "S" motion.
- D. Next the wipe is folded in half with the contaminated side facing inward and another wipe is taken again at 90 degrees to the first "S" wipe. Do not use a scrubbing motion, but be sure to collect all visible dust in the measured area.
- E. The wipe is folded again with the contaminated side inward. Without touching any other surface, the wipe is placed into a plastic centrifuge tube. The tube is sealed and labeled. The sample number indicates the date and sampler's identity.
- F. The samples are submitted to our laboratory on our standard sample log. Date and time of transfer is recorded to ensure proper chain of custody. The analytical procedure utilized is a modified EPA SW-846-3050. Blanks are submitted in accordance with EnviroScience's QA/QC program.



Appendix D

Lead Testing Field Data Sheets

	H	8

LEAD INSPECTION COVER SHEET

Inspector's Information

Inspector's Name:	Robert Hobbins		License Nu	License Number: 2156				
XRF Model:	LPA - 1B		Serial Numb	er: 3241				
Date of Inspection:	June 6, 2014		Project Nun	aber: 201402	77.C4E			
		Property In	<u>formation</u>					
Building Address: _		2	Scott Street					
•			(Street) Age of Property: N/A					
Miltord (City)		(State)	Age of Prope	Tty:				
Describe Structure								
			door systems and wo	od floors				
Exterior wood sidin	g with concrete four	ndation						
A		Yes No	Mult	iple Family Dwellin	о П			
Are there lead hazards pr Were lead dust wipes take		Yes No	7774	spic raining 10 weims	5 🚨			
Were soil samples collect		Yes 🛛 No	N	_ 1_:13:				
Were drinking water sam			Number of units t	n building:				
				child present in the	building?			
Single F	amily Dwelling		Yes No Unknown					
Is there an EBL child p	resent?			ch unit(s)?				
Yes	No Unknown		Is there a child under six years of age in the building? \[\begin{align*} \text{Yes} & \begin{align*} \text{No} & \begin{align*} \text{Unknown} \end{align*}					
	: of ann in the	devalling		which unit(s)?				
Is there a child under s	No Unknown	dweimig						
		7577.0.111						
		XRF Calibr	ation Check					
Calibration Paint Fi	ilm Used:	☐ NIST 1.02 mg/c	m² ľ	Manufacturer's Si	tandard 1.0 mg/cm²			
		_		•				
Calibration Check 1	Limits Used:	RMD (0.7 to 1.3						
		Scitec MAP4 (0.0	o to 1.2 mg/cm ² incl	usive)				
39	Hour	First Reading	Second Reading	Third Reading	Average			
First Check	1201	1.0	0.9	1.1	1.0			
Second Check	1400	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.06			
Third Check	1520	0.9	0.9	1.1	0.96			
Fourth Check								

FUSS&O'NEILL	Prepared By Date	Checked By Date	Project No	
	MAIN	FLOOR PLAN	Sheet No of	
		C		
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		OTT STUBE		
		OTT STEEF		

	Name: 2S						•	Number: _2	
t Ma	nager: K.	McCarthy	_(If I	Positive - (Check All	That App	ly) * Substr	ate Type: Metal =	M, Wood = W, Plaster = P,
k = S, C	Surface	XRF Readings	POS	Substrate	Defective	Chewable	Friction	Impact	Comments
Floo		10.2		W					
Base	boards	0.1		W		·			
Wall		~a 2		512					
Wall		-0.4		sa	1				
Wall		-0.1		512					
Wall		-0.3		50			11		
Chai	r rail								
Ceili	ng	0.2	15	30	1				
Crov	vn Molding								
Doo	r					U ,			
C	sing								
Ja	mb	-511							
Doo	f		(4_						
C	asing	- A	N.						
j:	amb						<u> </u>		
Win	dow Trim	-0.1		W					
Si	11	-0.1		h .					
Sa	ısh	-0.1							
X	/eli	0.0		N					
Cab	inet Base								
D	oor Exterior								
D	oor Interior								4
V	/alls								
S	helves								
S	helf Supports							•	
Rad	iator								
Wal	l Molding								
				-					
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	or: <u>Main</u>			Dagen	Storas	a.				t.#:geZof13
			- '	коош:	27014		Desired	71	20140277.C4E	
	ject Name:2S		OC T		21 4 411	7714 . A . 1				
jec	t Manager: K.	McCartny $ck = B. N/A =$	(II I	cessible; N/C	= Not Coated	COV = Cov	ly) * Substra ered: VR = V	ite Type: M	etal = M, Wood = W, i	Plaster = P,
ic	Surface	XRF Readings	POS	Substrate	Defective	Chewable	Friction	Impact	N. 2005.	omments
\neg	Floor									
	Baseboards									
	Wall	-03		SR	T					
	Wall	-0.0		5R						
	Wall	-0.0			,					
	Wall STUP	-0.2/0	3	W					NAN O'A M	-green
	Chair rail	1								I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
\Box	Ceiling	-0.3		sa						11000
	Crown Molding		-						1777	
-	Door								•	
	Casing	-0,1		W						
	Jamb	1.00	•	W						100
	Door									
	Casing									
	Jamb					100				
	Window Trim	3.6		ψ.	xes					
	Sill	0.0		W						
	Sash	1.7	/	Ŋ	Yes					
	Well	0.2		U						
	Cabinet Base				111183					
	Door Exterior									
	Door Interior								1927	
	Walls									100 - 100 -
	Shelves	-0.4		O						
	Shelf Supports	-03		J						102
	Radiator									***************************************
	Wall Molding								7/ 4/ 48/	
	Low Table (1)									
,										
			0/					-		
-		, id.								
	old side of	5.7	1	W	ye 5	,				
	OLLY SHOULE	1 0.7	-	-	1	-				

	or Main		_	Room:	hoing	Laon	-		Apt. #:Page
	ect Name: 2S								20140277.C4E
jec trock	tal = M, Wood = W, Plaster = P,								
de	Surface	XRF Readings	POS	Substrate	Defective	Chewable	Friction	Impact	Comments
	Floor	412		N					
	Baseboards	-6.1		(J	1		1		
	Wall	-6.5		SC	100				
	Wall								
	Wall	-0.2		sa					
	Wall	-0.1		SR					
	Chair rail	-0-1		sa					
	Ceiling	0.2		SR		4-1	1 3		
	Crown Molding	-0.2		W					
	Door	-0,2		W					
	Casing	-0.2		W			1		
	Jamb	-0.2		(2)		1			
	Door								
	Casing						J. Education		
	Jamb								
	Window Trim						L.L.		==-7
	Sill			7 -	-7	1 = =	10		
	Sash								
	Well								
	Cabinet Base								
	Door Exterior								
	Door Interior				1				
	Walls								
	Shelves							20	
	Shelf Supports								
_	Radiator								
	Wall Molding								
,				11					
			1						
_			_					-	
							•		

XRF FIELD DATA SHEET - INTERIOR ROOM

loc	ress: 2 Scott Str	r	_ 1	Room:	Porch			3	Apt. #: Page of/ 3
Proi	ect Name: 2 Sc	ott Street							20140277.C4E
jec rock	l = M, Wood = W, Plaster = P, ent								
de	Surface	XRF Readings	POS	Substrate	Defective	Chewable	Friction	Impact	Comments
	Floor	0.4		V					
	Baseboards	-0-5		W					
	Wall	0.0		Sa					
	Wall	-0.1		SR					
	Wall	-0.6		SP					
,	Wall	-0.0		SR					(S = 5200
	Chair rail								
	Ceiling	-04		500					
	Crown Molding	-ai		W					
	Door								
	Casing	R							
	Jamb					Language section	- 80 - 100 -		
	Door	0.1		H.					
	Casing	84	/	5	105				
	Jamb	1.1	1	N	725				
	Window Trim	3.00	V	کہا	yes				and the second second second
3	Sill	-0.2		W	avs.				
	Sash	-0n		لمز					
	Well								
	Cabinet Base								
	Door Exterior			1 1 1 1					
	Door Interior								
	Walls		1						
	Shelves			-					
	Shelf Supports		1						
	Radiator								
	Wall Molding								
A									
В	STATE STATE								
C									
D									
-	新兴集								
	CHANGE NEWS				 				
	10000000000000000000000000000000000000		+						
	A - 10 11 day	-00	+	W	 				
-	Phase window	S.C	+	V-	100	 			

Notes:

Floo	ress: 2 Scott St		_ 1	Room:	k itche	n Di	1149		Page 6 of 13
Proj	ect Name:2S	cott Street					Project .	Number: _	20140277.C4E
oject etrock	Manager: K. = S, Concrete = C, Bri	McCarthy	_(If F	Positive - Cossible; N/C	= Not Coated	That Appl COV = Cove	v) * Substr	ate Type: Met	al = M. Wood = W. Plaster = P.
de	Surface	XRF Readings	POS	Substrate	Defective	Chewable	Priction	Impact	Comments
	Floor	0.0	1	W					
	Baseboards		I. I.						
	Wall	0.1		Sh					
\neg	Wall	01(SIL	1				
	Wall	-0.0		W					
	Wali	-01		N		4			
	Chair rail	4			1				
	Ceiling	1			4			LiE	
	Crown Molding	70-8		W					
	Door	t. 0.3		W					
- 1	Casing	1.7	/	40>					
	Jamb	9.5	/	405			1		
	Door								
	Casing					Į.			
	Jamb				1				
	Window Trim	-0.2		W					
	Sill	-0.2		W		-			
	Sash	-0.0		W			1		
	Well								
	Cabinet Base	100		w					
	Door Exterior	-0.1		W	1				
	Door Interior	->3		V					
	Walls			4					
	Shelves	-0-1		W		4			
	Shelf Supports	9 - 10							
-	Radiator		-			<u> </u>			
	Wall Molding								
3					12	-			
:									
)									
					<u> </u>				
					<u> </u>				
	The second second			1					
				1	4 -				
otes									

Address: 2 Scott Street, Milford, CT Floor: Room: Furnice Room									
Proj	ect Name: 2S	cott Street							20140277.C4E
ojec	t Manager: K.	McCarthy ck = B, N/A =	_(If F	Positive - (cessible; N/C	= Not Coated	That Appl COV = Cove	ly) * Substract; VR = V	ate Type: Me inyl Replacer	tal = M, Wood = W, Plaster = P, ment
ide	Surface	XRF Readings	POS	Substrate	Defective	Chewable	Friction	Impact	Comments
	Floor	0.		U		J. Committee of the com			
	Baseboards								
	Wall NC	402							
	Wall	03		W					70.11
	Wall	10.2		SR					
	Wall	-0.2		SR					
	Chair rail								
	Ceiling	10.2		SR					
	Crown Molding								
	Door								
	Casing	-04		W					
	Jamb	0.0		W					
	Door	-		.m	- See				
	Casing								
	Jamb								- E (DAI) 100 100-00
	Window Trim	1.3	/	W	705				
	Sill								
	Sash								
	Well					Lin			
	Cabinet Base				,				
	Door Exterior								
	Door Interior			271,0000-100					
	Walls								
	Shelves			100000					
	Shelf Supports								
	Radiator								
	Wall Molding								
A									
В									
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									200
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_									
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Floc	per:	- ces Cernot	_ 1	Room:	side R	ptry	Project	Number	Page 8 of /3
	t Manager: K.] k = S, Concrete = C, Bric	McCarthy	(If F	ositive - C	Check All = Not Coated	That App	v) * Substr	ate Type: Metal =	= M. Wood = W. Plaster = P.
c	Surface	XRF Readings	POS	Substrate	Defective	Chewable	Priction	Impact	Comments
	Floor	10.2		J					
	Baseboards					1			
	Wall								
	Wall								
	Wall								
	Wall								
	Chair rail								
	Ceiling Boom	6.1		W					
	Crown Molding				1				
	Door								
	Casing	79.4	1	705					
	lamb	6.2	1	408					
	Door								
	Casing				1	2.			la e
	Jamb								
	Window Trim								
•	Sill							1 6	ins the second
	Sash								
	Well								
	Cabinet Base								
	Door Exterior								
	Door Interior					L			
	Walls				1				
	Shelves								
	Shelf Supports								
	Radiator								
	Wall Molding								
	11 200 21-200-8								
				 					
_									
_			1						
	4	1	-						
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	wan trun	77.9		10	-				

ect Name: 25	McCaethy		ositive - (That Appl			0140277, C4E M, Wood = W, Plaster = P,
= S, Concrete = C, Br	ick = B, N/A =	Not Ac	cessible; N/C	= Not Costed	COV = Cove	red; VR = V	/inyl Replacement	wi, wood - w, raster - r,
Surface	XRF Readings	POS	Substrate	Defective	Chewable	Friction	Impact	Comments
Floor	10.3		Ces.					
Baseboards								
Wall	-6.2		SIL					
Wall	-8,2		1					
Wall	-0.2							
Wall	-0.2		1			4		
Chair rail								
Ceiling	0.2		SA			7		
Crown Molding								
Door				-			2	
Casing						1.15		
Jamb						TELE		
Door	-0.2		W					
Casing	-6.1		W		4			
Jamb	-0.2		7					
Window Trim	-0.3		N					
Sill	-0.0		W		las			
Sash	-6-1		W					
Well	-00		M					
Cabinet Base								
Door Exterior								
Door Interior	,							
Walls								
Shelves						7		
Shelf Supports			F1					
Radiator	3.7		m					
Wall Molding								
		-						

Address: 2 Scott Street, Milford, CT Page 13 of 13

Project Name: 2 Scott Street Project Number: 20140277.C4E

Project Manager: K..McCarthy

mments	Commen	at	Impact	Friction	Chewable	Defective	Substrate	POS	XRF Readings	Surface	Side
										Foundation	
				ā 1				3		Skirt Board	
		3 /-					-2			Corner Boards	
		_ 1					W		-0.2	Siding	
			= 1			407	لي	1	63	Upper Trim	
										Door	
										Casing	
							I.,			Jamb	
										Threshold	
			-1	1						Kick Board	
				t						Storm Door	
										Window Sill	
-	SEMENT	Eas					W	DO	0.2/	Trim	
		1,1,1				405		111	1.0-1	Sash	
		- II-								Blind Stops	
					1					Storm Window	
		_ [1				Basement Sash	
										Frame	
				<u> </u>						Bulkhead	
				_1 _ =	21 -					Downspouts	
			- 1			¥				Porch Floor	
										Ceiling Joist	
				T. I		1				Lower Trim	
			-							Lower Railing	
		- 1-					W	I	-02	Balusters	
						. 1		[-,-]	= 2 ==	Railing Cap	
			- 1		11					Ceiling	
				I			-1-)			Lattice	
										Lattice Frame	
										Support Columns	
				1			51 - 5			Column Base	
							-, -		1	Brackets	
		-, -	-				N		0.3	Hand Rails	
		- 11-		n			Ind		1-05	Treads	
							V		10.2	Risers	-
_							1 1		10.2		

146 Hartford Road, Manchester, CT 06040

XRF FIELD DATA SHEET - EXTERIOR OF SIDE B

Address:	2 Scott Street, Milfor	d, CT	Page 10 of 13
Project Name	: 2 Scott Street		Project Number: 20140277.C4E

Project Manager: K. McCarthy

(If Positive - Check All That Apply)

Side	Surface	XRF Readings	POS	Substrate	Defective	Chewable	Friction	Impact	Comments
	Foundation								
	Skirt Board		L				15-1		
	Corner Boards								
	Siding	10.l		N					
	Upper Trim	-0.2	-	W					
	Door	-0.2		W			1 4		
	Casing	LO. [V			TAY .		
	Jamb	6.5		W					
	Threshold							230 0	
	Kick Board							- =	
	Storm Door								
	Window Sill	10.2		W					EGSINT N/A
	Trim	10.		W					That NIA
	Sash	1.00		2				-]	
	Blind Stops					1			
	Storm Window								
	Basement Sash		1		7				
	Frame								
	Bulkhead								
	Downspouts								
	Porch Floor			-7					
	Cailing Joist								
	Lower Trim								
	Lower Railing								
	Balusters								
	Railing Cap					1 -			
	Ceiling				-i.				
	Lattice								
	Lattice Frame							. 3	
	Support Columns							-	
	Column Base								
	Brackets								
	Hand Rails								
	Treads	=						4	
	Risers								
	Stringers								



146 Hartford Road, Manchester, CT 06040

(860) 646-2469 Fax (860) 649-6883

XRF FIELD DATA SHEET - EXTERIOR OF	SIDE
Address: 2 Scott Street, Milford, CT	Page _//_ of/ 3
Project Name: 2 Scott Street	Project Number: 20140277.C4E
Project Manager: KMcCarthy	
(If Positive - Check All That Apply)	

Side	Surface	XRF Readings	POS	Substrate	Defective	Chewable	Friction	Impact	Comments
	Foundation					1			
	Skirt Board						11 18		
	Corner Boards		id.						
	Siding	-0.1		كما					
	Upper Trim								
	Door	-6.1		N	<u> </u>		_1,		
	Casing	-01	Y.	W					
	Jamb								
	Threshold		14						
	Kick Board						50		
	Storm Door		T				1		
	Window Sill	0.0		N					
	Trim	10.0		W					
	Sash								
	Blind Stops								
	Storm Window								
	Basement Sash								
	Frame								
	Bulkhead		1C= =						L
	Downspouts								
	Porch Floor					,2			
	Ceiling Joist								
	Lower Trim				27				
	Lower Railing								
	Balusters								
	Railing Cap						<u> </u>		
	Ceiling								
	Lattice						III.		
	Lattice Frame								Ta Ta
	Support Columns			<u> </u>			A		
	Column Base								
	Brackets						1		
	Hand Rails								1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	Treads								
	Risers								
	Stringers								



146 Hartford Road, Manchester, CT 06040

XRF FIELD DATA SHEET - EXTERIOR OF SIDE 🔀

Address: 2 Scott Street, Milford, CT	Page _/2_of _/	3
Project Name: 2 Scott Street	Project Number: _	20140277.C4E
Project Manager: K.McCarthy		

Side	Surface	XRF Readings	POS	Substrate	Defective	Chewable	Friction	Impact	Comments
	Foundation								
	Skirt Board	-0.2		W					
	Corner Boards						П		
	Siding							7, 1	
_	Upper Trim								
	Door								
	Casing								
	Jamb								
	Threshold		T						
	Kick Board								
	Storm Door								
	Window Sill	-0,0		W					Tasenest
	Trim	-00		V					
	Sash	-0.1		U					W17@OLL
	Blind Stops								
	Storm Window					•			.0.2 5111
	Basement Sash								0.2 Mm
	Frame								.0.2 Sill 0.2 Pur -0.2 Sash
	Bulkhead								
	Downspouts								
	Porch Floor								
	Ceiling Joist			20			T		
	Lower Trim								
	Lower Railing								
	Balusters			91	4				
4.	Railing Cap								
	Ceiling								
	Lattice								
	Lattice Frame								
	Support Columns								
	Column Base								·
	Brackets		į,						
	Hand Rails								
	Treads								
	Risers								
	Stringers								



Appendix E

Lead in Dust Sample Results and Chain of Custody Form

×		κ		98
			44.1	



EMSL. Analytical, Inc.

260 Routs 130 North, Cinnamineon, NJ 68977 Phone/Fee: (856) 303-2500 / (856) 786-8274

http://www.EMSL.com

mon lame@daibserosoimannin

EMSL Order: CustomeriD; 201408231 ENVI54

CustomerPO:

ProjectiD:

Ain: Fuss & O'Neili EnviroScience, LLC

146 Hartford Road Manchester, CT 06040 Phone:

(860) 645-2469

Fax: Received: (888) 838-1160 06/10/14 B:49 AM

Collected:

6/6/2014

Project: 20140277.04E / Storm Sandy Rehab / 2 Scott Rd., Milford, CT

Test Report: Lead in Dust by Flame AAS (SW 846 3050B/7000B)*

Cilent Sample Description	Lab ID	Collected	Analyzed	Area Sampled	Lead Concentration
080614UA-01	0001	8/8/2014	6/10/2014	144 lnº	1000 µg/ħ°
		Room - Floor			
060614UA-02		6/6/2014	6/10/2014	36 ln²	20000 hays
8	ita: Storage	Room - W.Si	4		
080614UA-03	0003	6/8/2014	6/10/2014	144 tn ²	120 µg/n°
	ite: Pumace	Room - Floor		- 10/10/2011	
060614UA-04	0004	6/6/2014	6/10/2014	36 in*	8900 µg/ħ³
	ite: Furnaça	Room - W.SI	10		
060814UA-05	0005	6/6/2014	6/10/2014	144 in³	3200 µg/ñº
	ite: Porch -	Floor			
080614UA-06	0006	6/6/2014	6/10/2014	36 in²	4000 µg/ft ^a
	ite: Porch D	3 Window - W	V.Sill	and the same of the same	
060614UA-07	0007	6/8/2014	6/10/2014	144 in*	65 µg/ft*
	ite: Kitchen	Dining Room	- Floor		
080814UA-08	0008	6/8/2014	6/10/2014	144 in²	95 µg/ft²
	Site: Kilohen	Dining Room	Dup - Floor	The state of the s	
060614UA-09	0009	6/8/2014	6/10/2014	36 In ²	610 µg/11°
	Site: Kitchen	A, Window - \	W.SIII		
080814UA-10	0010	6/6/2014	6/10/2014	n/a	<10 µg/wipe
	Site: Field Bi	ank			
060614UA-11	0011	8/8/2014	6/10/2014	n/a	<10 µg/wipe
	Site: Field Bl	ank			

Julia Smith - Laboratory Director NJ NELAP Accredited:03036 or other approved signatory

"Analysia following Lead in Dust by EMSL 30P? Determination of Environmental Lead by FLAA. Reporting limit is 10 uphtips. uphtips. uphtips. uphtips. uphtips. uphtips. Unless noted, results in this report are not bisnit corrected. This report relates only to the attriptes reported above and may not be reproduced, which is without written approach by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for earnphs critication activities (puth as votume semplad) or analytical meloid initiations. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise otherwise not into the properties of the personnel. The less that an desponsible for data responsible of the properties of the area provided by non-lab personnel. The test results contained within the report meet the requirements of NELAO unless otherwise held." "(less that) results signifies that the analytic was not detected of above the reporting list. Measurement or uncertainty is available upon request. The QC data associated with the sample results included in this report meet the recovery and precision requirements established by the ALH-LAP, unless specifically indicated of involves.

Samples enalyzed by EMSL. Analytical, Inc. Cannamisson, NJ NELAP Certifications: NJ 93038, NY 10872, PA 68-00367, AlHA-LAP, LLC ELLAP 100164, A2LA 2645.01

Initial report from 06/11/2014 10:40:50

www.fando.com

146 Hartford Road, Manchester, CT 06040

20140823/ (860) 646-2469 Prox (860) 649-6883

oject Name: 24	2 Scott RD. Miller	1, ct		Project Numbers Project Managers	Z0140277.C
ample ID Number	Sample Location/Building	Surface Component	Sq. Pt	Result (ug/ft)	Lab Number
A LIVINA-OL	Storage Room.	FIOOR	144		082317
. +01	1	W. SURR	36		V
+0~3	Furnoce Ram	Floor	144		3
-04	1	W. Sill	36		9
705	Porch	Floor	144		5
+06	J. D. Klindow	w.sill	36		6
+07	Kitchen bining poor	F100R.	144		2
-08	Dup	F1001	144		r
+09	VA whindow	W- SE11	30		7
+10	field Blank		WA		6
+11	Gill Blank		NA		4
		•			

Analysis Method: EPA-SW-846-3050(MOD.) Wipe Media ASTM Non ASTM	Turnsmound Time 84hrs
Based on the turnszound time indicated above, analyses are due to Fuss & O'No Please call the Fuss & O'Neill EnviroScience laboratory at 860-646-2469 if analy	nill BrinoScience on or before this date: C/U/I
Pax Results To: Fuss & O'Neill EnviroScience Laboratory at 888-838-1160	
Special Instructions:	
1	9,
Samples Collected By: [] Klys Angust Date: 6/6/14	Time: 1300
Samples Collected By:	Time: Market Forte
Shipped To: [PEMSL (State) //]	Other
Method of Shipment: Fred Ex. UPS Overnight UPS Ground	Other
Q:\BaviroScience\Admin\FORMS\Lead\Lead\Lead Wipes_Sample Log rev 0611.doc	



Appendix F

TCLP Sample Results and Chain of Custody Form

	*		2	



Environmental Laboratories, Inc.

587 East Middle Tumpike, P.O.Box 370, Manchester, CT 06045 Fax (860) 645-0823 Tel. (860) 645-1102

Analysis Report

June 13, 2014

FOR: Attn: Ms Karron Redfield

Fuss & O'Neill EnviroScience LLC

145 Hartford Turnpike Manchester CT 06040

Sample Information

Matrix:

SOLID

Location Code:

F&OENVIR

Rush Request:

72 Hour

P.O.#:

20140277.C4E

Custody Information

Collected by:

Received by:

Analyzed by:

JB

LK

06/06/14

Date

Time 14:00

06/10/14

15:35

see "By" below

aboratory Data

SDG ID: GBG54891

Phoenix ID: BG54891

Project ID:

2 SCOTT STREET

Client ID:

20140606JB-01

*:		RL/				
Parameter	Result	PQL	Units	Date/Time	Ву	Reference
TCLP Lead	1.36	0.10	mg/L	06/11/14	LK	SW6010
TCLP Metals Digestion TCLP Extraction for Metals	Completed			06/11/14	1/1	SW3005
	Completed			06/10/14	= 1	EPA 1311

RL/PQL=Reporting/Practical Quantitation Level ND=Not Detected BRL=Below Reporting Level Comments:

If there are any questions regarding this data, please call Phoenix Client Services at extension 200. This report must not be reproduced except in full as defined by the attached chain of custody.

Phyllis Shiller, Laboratory Director

June 13, 2014

Reviewed and Released by: Ethan Lee, Project Manager



Environmental Laboratories, Inc. 587 East Middle Tumpike, P.O.Box 370, Manchester, CT 08045 Tel. (880) 845-1102 Fax (860) 645-0823

QA/QC Report

June 13, 2014

QA/QC Data

SDG I.D.: GBG54891

Parameter	Blank	Sample Result	Dup Resuit	Dup RPD	LCS %	LCSD %	LCS RPD	MS %	MSD %	MS	Rec Limits	RPD Limits
QA/QC Batch 276663, QC S ICP Metals - TCLP Ext		5080 (BC	354891)									
Lead	BRL	0.096	0.099	3.10	99.4	99.3	0.1	98.6	98.7	0.1	75 - 125	20

if there are any questions regarding this data, please call Phoenix Client Services at extension 200.

RPD - Relative Percent Difference

LCS - Laboratory Control Sample

LCSD - Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate

MS - Matrix Splke

MS Dup - Matrix Spike Duplicate

NC - No Criteria

Intf - Interference

Phyllis/Shiller, Laboratory Director

June 13, 2014

Friday, June 13, 2014

Sample Criteria Exceedences Report GBG54891 - FOENVIR

Page 1 of 1

Criteria: None State: CT

SampNo

Phoenix Analyte

Criteria

Result

RL

Criteria

RL Analysis Criteria Units

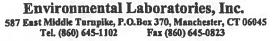
*** No Data to Display ***

Phoenix Laboratories does not assume responsibility for the data contained in this report. It is provided as an additional tool to identify requested criteria exceedences. All efforts are made to ensure the accuracy of the data (obtained from appropriate agencies). A lack of exceedence information does not necessarily suggest conformance to the criteria. It is ultimately the site professional's responsibility to determine appropriate compliance.

Reasonable Confidence Protocol Laboratory Analysis QA/QC Certification Form

Labor	pratory Name: Phoenix Environmental Labs, Inc. Client: Fuss & O'Neill EnviroScience, LLC										
Projec	t Local	tion: 2 SC	OTT STREE	ET		Project	Number:				
Labor	atory S	ample ID(s)	: BG54891	l							
Samp	ling Da	te(s): 6/6/2	014								
RCP I	Method	s Used:									
131	1/1312	6010	7000	7196		7470/7471	8081		EPH		TO15
□ 808	32	8151	8260	8270		ETPH	9010/9	012	☐ VPH		
	specified any crite method-t	analytical me QA/QC perfo ria falling outs specific Reaso	rmance crite de of accept onable Confid	ria followed, i table guidelin dence Protoc	ncludir es, as ol docu	ng the requispecified in ments?	irement to e the CT DE	explain P	✓ Yes	□ No	
1a.	Were the	ere the method specified preservation and holding time requirements met?							✓ Yes	□No	7
	EPH and VPH methods only: Was the VPH or EPH method conducted without significant modifications (see section 11.3 of respective RCP methods)							☐ Yes	□No	☑ NA	
	Were all samples received by the laboratory in a condition consistent with that described on the associated Chain-of-Custody document(s)?						ıt	☑ Yes	□No		
	Were samples received at an appropriate temperature (< 6 Degrees C)?						☑ Yes	□No	□ NA		
4.	Were all QA/QC performance criteria specified in the Reasonable Confidence Protocol documents achieved?					9	✓ Yes	□ No			
5a.	Were re	porting limits	specified or re	eferenced on	the ch	ain-of-cust	ody?		☐ Yes	☑ No	
5b.		ese reporting							☐ Yes	□ No	☑ NA
6.	montille i	h analytical m reported for all ed in the Reas	I constituents	identified in t	the me	thod-specif	ickage, wen fic analyte li	e sts	☐ Yes	☑ No	□NA
7.	Are pro	ject-specific m	natrix spikes a	and laborator	duplic	etes includ	led in the da	ata set?	☐ Yes	☑ No	□NA
Note:	he pros	questions to w ded in an atta ulrements for "	ched narrative	e. If the answ	' (with (er to qu	the exception	on of question HA or 1B is	on #5a, #7 "No", the	7), addition data pack	ai Informa age does i	tion must not meet
and	belief	rsigned, atto and based u in this analy	Ipon my pe	rsonal inqu	iry of	those res	sponsible :	for pro	viding the	my knov e inform	wledge atlon
	Ale enter :						Date	: Friday	, June 13	, 2014	
1	ithorized gnature:		than	See		Prir	nted Name	: Ethan	Lee		
							Position	: Projec	t Manage	er	







RCP Certification Report

June 13, 2014

SDG I.D.: GBG54891

BG54891 - The following analytes from the 6010 RCP Metals list were not reported: Antimony, Arsenic, Barium, Beryllium, Cadmium, Chromium, Copper, Nickel, Selenium, Silver, Thallium, Vanadium, Zinc.

ICP Narration

Were all QA/QC performance criteria specified in the Reasonable Confidence Protocol documents achieved? Yes.

Instrument:

Arcos 06/11/14-1 (BG54891)

The initial calibration met criteria.

The continuing calibration standards met criteria for all the elements reported. The linear range is defined daily by the calibration range.

The continuing calibration blanks were less than the reporting level for the elements reported.

The ICSA and ICSAB were analyzed at the beginning and end of the run and were within criteria.

Printed Name Laura Kinnin

Position:

Chemist

Date:

6/11/2014

QC (Batch Specific)

----- Sample No: BG55080, QA/QC Batch: 276663 ----

All LCS recoveries were within 75 - 125 with the following exceptions: None.

All LCSD recoveries were within 75 - 125 with the following exceptions: None.

All LCS/LCSD RPDs were less than 20% with the following exceptions: None.

Temperature Narration

The samples were received at 6C with cooling initiated. (Note acceptance criteria is above freezing up to 6°C)

FUSS & O'NEILL (860) 646-2469 • www.FandO.com

D 146 Hartford Road, Manchester, CT 06040 # 56 Quarry Road, Trumbrill, CT 06611

Other_ □ 78 Interstate Daive, West Springfield, MA 01089 □ 317 Inca Horse Way, Suite 20A, Providence, R1 02908 □ 80 Washington Street, Suite 301, Poughberpsie, NY

Other Other (days) "Surchage Applies	44		STONE	[25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25						Reporting and Detection Limit Requirements: 🛘 RCP Deliverables 🖒 MCP CAM Cert.	mentit
30889	Proji	Analysis Request	Por		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \				Date Time Charge Bacepic	6-10-14 900 Reporting and I	PUNITY S:35 Additional Comments:
CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD	PROJECT LOCATION	Roll	Date: f-16-/4 T=Treament Facility S=Soil B=Sediment W=Waste A=Air C=Concrete	Source Date Time Code Sampled Sampled	X 6-6-41 1400			,	Accepted By	The Frisher 6	TOWER IN
CHAIN-OF-CU	PROJECT NAME	REPORT TO: Keyin M. (Esthy / Borns Invoice To: Serel Outes	A .	1 9	10-				Relinquished By	I Bles	A satisfacionic
	6	REPORT INVOICE	Sempler's Signatum Source Codes: MW=Moutcoing Well SW=Surface Water	Item Th	-				Transfer	- 8	ED 4



Appendix G

Mold Sample Results and Chain of Custody Form

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EMSL Analytical, Inc.

200 Route 130 North Cinnaminson, NJ 08077 Phone/Fax: (800) 220-3675 / (856) 786-0262 http://www.EMSL.com / cinnmicrolab@emsl.com Order ID: Customer ID: Customer PO:

371408247 ENVI54 20140277.C4E

Project ID:

Attn: Kevin McCarthy

Fuss & O'Neili EnviroScience, LLC

146 Hartford Road Manchester, CT 06040 Phone:

(860) 646-2469

Fax: Collected:

(888) 838-1160 06/06/2014

Received:

06/10/2014

Analyzed:

06/11/2014

Proj: 2 Scott Street, Milford CT/ 20140277.C4E

Test Report: Microscopic Examination of Fungal Spores, Fungal Structures, Hyphae, and Other Particulates from Bulk Samples (EMSL Method: M041)

Lab Sample Number: Client Sample ID: Sample Location:	371408247-0001 0606BH-01 Furnace Room
Spore Types	Category
Agrocybe/Coprinus	
Nie with the same of the same	
Ascospores	
Aspergilkie/Penkillium	
Basidiospores	Rare
(Bpilleda++	그런 일 하는 화를 하면 사람들이 모든 사람들이 되지 않는 말씀하는 중 없다. 그리는 그
Chaetomium	"High"
Cladesportum	사회 전환 경우 이렇게 되었다면 하면 이 사람들이 걸어 보고 있는데 사용하다 그 사람들이 없다.
Curvularia	
Eplopsoum :	[1882] - 이 : [1882] 전환 - 기계 [1882] - 이 : [1882]
Fusarium	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1
Quandarna .	하면 되면 하다면 얼마를 다 하다면 얼마를 받는데 그는 그는 그는 그는 그를 받는데 그런 다른
Myxomycetes++	Rare
Pagollomyosa	
Rust	
8cocularionals	
Stachybotrys	Rare
Tonia	
Ulocladium	
Unidentifiable (Sporas	
Zygomycetes	
Plorque Particulate	Medium
Hyphal Fragment	
Insect Fragment	
Pollen	

Category: Count/per area analyzed

Rare: 1 to 10 Low: 11 to 100 Medium: 101 to 1000 High: >1000

Bipolaris++ = Bipolaris/Dreschlera/Exserchilum Myxomycetes++ = Myxomycetes/Periconia/Smut * = Sample contains fruiting structures and/or hyphae associated with the spores.

Farbod Nekouei, M.S., Laboratory Manager or Other Approved Signatory

No discemable field blank was submitted with this group of samples.

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. This report relates only to the samples reported above and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approved by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations, interpretation of the data contained in this report is the responsibility of the client. "-" denotes not detected. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted.

Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Cinnaminson, NJ AHA-LAP, LLC-EMLAP Accredited #100194

Initial report from: 06/11/2014 09:05:09

OrderID: 371408247

371468247

Chain of Custody

EMSL Analytical, Inc. 200 Route 130 North Cinnaminson, NJ, 08077



Please print all information legibly.

Environmental Microbiology Lab

Services

Phone: (856) 858-4800 Fax: (856) 858-4960 (856) 427-1608 http://www.emsl.com

Fuss & O'Neill EnviroScience, LLC		Fuss & O'Neill EnviroScience, LLC
56 Quarry Road	17. 沙湖	56 Quarry Road
	1 1 198 1990	
Trumbuil, CT		Trumbull, CT
06611	11/200	06611
USA	17 机螺纹	USA
Kevin McCarthy	1. 基础	Kevin McCarthy
203-374-3748x 3533		203-374-3748x3533
888-838-1160		888-838-1160
kmccerthy@fando.com	N. F.	kmccarthy@fando.com
Ellen Podell	*	
2 Scott St, Milford, CT/20140273 CA	E	
	56 Quarry Road Trumbull, CT 06611 USA Kevin McCarthy 203-374-3748x 3533 888-838-1160 kmccarthy@fando.com Ellen Podell	56 Quarry Road Trumbull, CT 06611 USA Kevin McCarthy 203-374-3748x 3533 388-838-1160 kmccarthy@fando.com

Name 2 Scott Street	Date Collected6-6	-14 Date Sent 6-9-14	
Caner tentemention: Mold Bulk Sam	iple	For EMSL use only	11
9		EMSL Order No.	
•		Sample(s) received in good condition? [Y] [N]	
		Discemable field blank submitted? [Y] [N]	The same

	San	nple ID	Sample Location	Sample Type	Volume (liters), Area (sq. cm), or Weight (grams)	Analysis Code*	Turn- around Time*	
	0606E	3H-01	Furnace Room	Bulk	8 grams	M041	24 hour	N/A
-		0						
	N.	٥						ļ
	SON,	4						
1		0						
	MA	3			,]		

Relinquished by: Received by: _

Date: 000 4 Time: 9:30

Page: 1 of 1



Appendix H

Airborne Radon Gas Assessment Results and Chain of Custody Form

.5 .5		
	4	



Radon Testing Summary Sheet

		asac Dlaged by	13 Hobbins
Contact/Phone #:	Bob Hobbins/203-374-3748 x		
Project #:	20140277.C4E		y: J-Bkn
Building:	2 Scott Street	Start Date:	1-9-11
Address:	2 Scott Street		6-9-14
	Milford, CT 06460	_Weather at Placement:	Sung- 750F
email results to jhol	bins@fando.com		
Instructions: Tear of make sure ton her con province profit and affix province manner for many and affix and a sure to the sure this portion and affix to test information form 2314037 EMOVE THIS PORTION AND KEP FOR YOUR RECORDS 2314037 Client RADON TESTING CORP. OF AMERICA	f center bar coded label from coded label is left on detector. Idea or (room #, location in room, stor is missing or damaged a start Time: /2:05 Stop Time: /2:05 Identifier: /2:07 Start Time: /2:07 Stop Time: ////7 Identifier: Stop Time: Identifier: Start Time: Stop Time: Identifier: Stop Time: Identifier: Ident	etc.). Use additional sheets t retrieval. REMOVE THIS PORTION AND AFFIX TO TEST INFORMATION FORM 2314006 REMOVE 1. ORTION AND AFFIX TO TEST INFORMATION FORM 2314670 REMOVE THIS PORTION AND KEEP FOR YOUR RECORDS 2314670 Client RADON TESTING CORP. OF AMERICA	Start Time: Start Time: Start Time: Stop Time: Start Time: Start Time: Start Time: Stop Time: Identifier: Start Time: Stop Time: Identifier: Start Time: Start Time: Stop Time:
	Stop Time: Identifier:	-	Identifier:
	Start Time:	-	Start Time:
	Stop Time:	- 	Stop Time:
	Identifier:	-	Identifier:

56 Quarry Road, Trumbull, CT 06611 † (203) 374-3748 † (203) 374-4391 www.FandO.com Connecticut
Massachusetts
New York
Rhode Island
South Carolina



Site Radon Inspection Report

Date: 06/10/2014

Mr. Robert Hobbins Fuss & O'Neill Enviroscience, LLC 146 Hartford Road Manchester, CT 06040-

Client: 20140277.C4E

2 Scott Street Test Location:

Milford, CT 06460-

Individual Canister Results

Error for Measurement is: +

Test Start: 06/06/2014 @ 12:05 Canister ID#: 2313971 Test Stop: 06/09/2014@14:15 Charcoal Canister 3 inch Canister Type: Received: 06/10/2014 @ 10:44 Bed Rm Location: Analyzed: 06/10/2014 @ 16:46 0.1 pCi/L Radon Level:

0.2 pCi/L Error for Measurement is: ±

2314006 Test Start: 06/06/2014 @ 12:05 Canister ID#: Charcoal Canister 3 inch Test Stop: 06/09/2014@14:15 Canister Type: Received: 06/10/2014 @ 10:44 Bed Rm DP Location: Analyzed: 06/10/2014 @ 16:46 Radon Level: 0.1 pCi/L

0.2 pCi/L Error for Measurement is: +

0.2 pCi/L

Test Start: 06/06/2014 @ 12:07 2314037 Canister ID#: Test Stop: 06/09/2014@14:17 Charcoal Canister 3 inch Canister Type: Received: 06/10/2014 @ 10:44 Living Rm Location: Analyzed: 06/10/2014 @ 16:46 0.2 pCi/L Radon Level:

Error for Measurement is: + 0.2 pCi/L

Canister ID#: 2314670 Test Start: 06/06/2014 @ 12:07 Test Stop: 06/09/2014 @ 14:17 Canister Type: Charcoal Canister 3 Inch Received: 06/10/2014 @ 10:44 Living Rm BL Location: Analyzed: 0.3 pCi/L 06/11/2014 @ 11:11 Radon Level:

Andreas C. George Radon Measurement Specialist

Dante Galan **Laboratory Director** NRSB ARL0001 NYS ELAP ID: 10806 **PADEP ID: 0346** NJDEP ID: NY933 NJ MEB 90036 FL DOH RB1609



Site Radon Inspection Report

Date: 06/10/2014

Mr. Robert Hobbins Fuss & O'Neill Enviroscience, LLC 146 Hartford Road Manchester, CT 06040-

Client: 20140277.C4E

Test Location: 2 Scott Street

Milford, CT 06460-

Individual Canister Results

The reported results indicate that radon levels in the building tested are below the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) action level of 4.0 picoCuries per liter of air (pCi/L). The EPA recommends retesting if your living patterns change and you begin occupying a lower level of the building, such as a basement or if major remodeling is done.

General radon information may be obtained by consulting the EPA booklet: A Citizen's Guide to Radon (www.epa.gov/radon/pubs/citguide.html). To request a copy or for further information, please contact your state health department. The EPA maintains a radon information website, including copies of its publications, at www.epa.gov/radon.

For New Jersey clients: Please see the attached guidance document entitled Radon Testing and Mitigation: The Basics for further information.

For New York clients: If the radon level of one or more testing devices is equal to or exceeds 20 pCi/L please contact the New York State Department of Health, Bureau of Environmental Radiation Protection, for technical advice and assistance at 518-402-7556 or toll free 1-800-458-1158.

PLEDGE OF ASSURED QUALITY

All procedures used for generating this report are in complete accordance with the current EPA protocols for the analysis of radon in air (EPA 402-R-92-004). The analytical results relate only to the samples tested, in the condition received by the lab, and that calculations were based upon the information supplied by client. RTCA and its personnel do not assume responsibility or liability, collectively and individually, for analysis results when detectors have been improperly handled or placed by the consumer, nor does RTCA and its personnel accept responsibility for any financial or health consequences of subsequent action or lack of action, taken by the customer or it's consultants based on RTCA-provided results.



Andrews C Guige

Andreas C. George

Radon Measurement Specialist
NJ MES 11089

Dang Cor

Dante Galan Laboratory Director NRSB ARL0001 NYS ELAP ID: 10806 PADEP ID: 0346 NJDEP ID: NY933 NJ MEB 90036 FL DOH RB1609

(914)345-3380 FAX (914)345-8546 2 Hayes Street, Elmsford, NY 10523 www.rtca.com



Appendix I

Photographs

		8

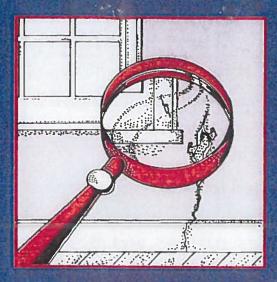




ACM Kitchen/Dining Room White Sheet Flooring



Visible Mold on Furnace Room Sheetrock Wall



Protect Your **Family** From Lead In Your Home







SEPA United States
Environmental
Protection Agency



United States Consumer Product Safety Commission



United States Department of Housing and Urban Development

Simple Steps To Protect Your Family From Lead Hazards

If you think your home has high levels of lead:

- Get your young children tested for lead, even if they seem healthy.
- Wash children's hands, bottles, pacifiers, and toys often.
- Make sure children eat healthy, low-fat foods.
- Get your home checked for lead hazards.
- Regularly clean floors, window sills, and other surfaces.
- Wipe soil off shoes before entering house.
- ♦ Talk to your landlord about fixing surfaces with peeling or chipping paint.
- ◆ Take precautions to avoid exposure to lead dust when remodeling or renovating (call 1-800-424-LEAD for guidelines).
- Don't use a belt-sander, propane torch, high temperature heat gun, scraper, or sandpaper on painted surfaces that may contain lead.
- Don't try to remove lead-based paint yourself.

Are You Planning To Buy, Rent, or Renovate a Home Built Before 1978?

any houses and apartments built before 1978 have paint that contains high levels of lead (called lead-based paint). Lead from paint, chips, and dust can pose serious health hazards if not taken care of properly.



OWNERS, BLIYERS, and RENTERS are encouraged to check for lead (see page 6) before renting, buying or renovating pre-1978 housing.

ederal law requires that individuals receive certain information before renting, buying, or renovating pre-1978 housing:



LANDLORDS have to disclose known information on lead-based paint and lead-based paint hazards before leases take effect. Leases must include a disclosure about lead-based paint.



SELLERS have to disclose known information on lead-based paint and lead-based paint hazards before selling a house. Sales contracts must include a disclosure about lead-based paint. Buyers have up to 10 days to check for lead.



RENOVATORS disturbing more than 2 square feet of painted surfaces have to give you this pamphlet before starting work.

IMPORTANT!

Lead From Paint, Dust, and Soil Can Be Dangerous If Not Managed Properly

- **FACT:** Lead exposure can harm young children and babies even before they are born.
- FACT: Even children who seem healthy can have high levels of lead in their bodies.
- FACT: People can get lead in their bodies by breathing or swallowing lead dust, or by eating soil or paint chips containing lead.
- FACT: People have many options for reducing lead hazards. In most cases, lead-based paint that is in good condition is not a hazard.
- **FACT:** Removing lead-based paint improperly can increase the danger to your family.

If you think your home might have lead hazards, read this pamphlet to learn some simple steps to protect your family.

Lead Gets in the Body in Many Ways

Childhood lead poisoning remains a major environmental health problem in the U.S.

Even children who appear healthy can have dangerous levels of lead in their bodies.

People can get lead in their body if they:

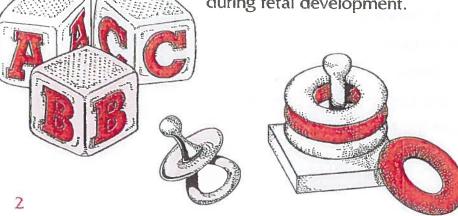
- Breathe in lead dust (especially during renovations that disturb painted surfaces).
- Put their hands or other objects covered with lead dust in their mouths.
- Eat paint chips or soil that contains lead.

Lead is even more dangerous to children under the age of 6:

- At this age children's brains and nervous systems are more sensitive to the damaging effects of lead.
- Children's growing bodies absorb more lead.
- Babies and young children often put their hands and other objects in their mouths. These objects can have lead dust on them.

Lead is also dangerous to women of childbearing age:

Women with a high lead level in their system prior to pregnancy would expose a fetus to lead through the placenta during fetal development.



Lead's Effects

It is important to know that even exposure to low levels of lead can severely harm children.

In children, lead can cause:

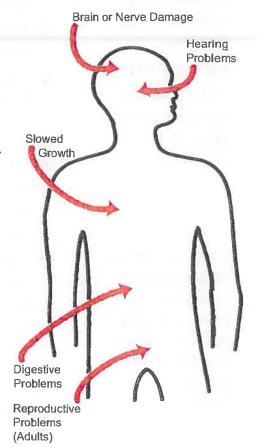
- Nervous system and kidney damage.
- Learning disabilities, attention deficit disorder, and decreased intelligence.
- Speech, language, and behavior problems.
- Poor muscle coordination.
- Decreased muscle and bone growth.
- Hearing damage.

While low-lead exposure is most common, exposure to high levels of lead can have devastating effects on children, including seizures, unconsciousness, and, in some cases, death.

Although children are especially susceptible to lead exposure, lead can be dangerous for adults too.

In adults, lead can cause:

- Increased chance of illness during pregnancy.
- Harm to a fetus, including brain damage or death.
- Fertility problems (in men and women).
- High blood pressure.
- Digestive problems.
- Nerve disorders.
- Memory and concentration problems.
- Muscle and joint pain.



Lead affects the body in many ways.

Where Lead-Based Paint Is Found

In general, the older your home, the more likely it has leadbased paint. Many homes built before 1978 have leadbased paint. The federal government banned lead-based paint from housing in 1978. Some states stopped its use even earlier. Lead can be found:

- In homes in the city, country, or suburbs.
- In apartments, single-family homes, and both private and public housing.
- Inside and outside of the house.
- In soil around a home. (Soil can pick up lead from exterior paint or other sources such as past use of leaded gas in cars.)

Checking Your Family for Lead

Get your children and home tested if you think your home has high levels of lead.

To reduce your child's exposure to lead, get your child checked, have your home tested (especially if your home has paint in poor condition and was built before 1978), and fix any hazards you may have. Children's blood lead levels tend to increase rapidly from 6 to 12 months of age, and tend to peak at 18 to 24 months of age.

Consult your doctor for advice on testing your children. A simple blood test can detect high levels of lead. Blood tests are usually recommended for:

- Children at ages 1 and 2.
- Children or other family members who have been exposed to high levels of lead.
- Children who should be tested under your state or local health screening plan.

Your doctor can explain what the test results mean and if more testing will be needed.

Identifying Lead Hazards

Lead-based paint is usually not a hazard if it is in good condition, and it is not on an impact or friction surface, like a window. It is defined by the federal government as paint with lead levels greater than or equal to 1.0 milligram per square centimeter, or more than 0.5% by weight.

Deteriorating lead-based paint (peeling, chipping, chalking, cracking or damaged) is a hazard and needs immediate attention. It may also be a hazard when found on surfaces that children can chew or that get a lot of wear-and-tear, such as:

- Windows and window sills.
- Doors and door frames.
- Stairs, railings, banisters, and porches.

Lead dust can form when lead-based paint is scraped, sanded, or heated. Dust also forms when painted surfaces bump or rub together. Lead chips and dust can get on surfaces and objects that people touch. Settled lead dust can re-enter the air when people vacuum, sweep, or walk through it. The following two federal standards have been set for lead hazards in dust:

- \diamond 40 micrograms per square foot (μ g/ft²) and higher for floors, including carpeted floors.
- \Rightarrow 250 μ g/ft² and higher for interior window sills.

Lead in soil can be a hazard when children play in bare soil or when people bring soil into the house on their shoes. The following two federal standards have been set for lead hazards in residential soil:

- 400 parts per million (ppm) and higher in play areas of bare soil.
- 1,200 ppm (average) and higher in bare soil in the remainder of the yard.

The only way to find out if paint, dust and soil lead hazards exist is to test for them. The next page describes the most common methods used.

Lead from paint chips, which you can see, and lead dust. which you can't always see, can both be serious hazards.

Checking Your Home for Lead

Just knowing that a home has lead-based paint may not tell you if there is a hazard.

You can get your home tested for lead in several different ways:

- A paint inspection tells you whether your home has lead-based paint and where it is located. It won't tell you whether or not your home currently has lead hazards.
- A risk assessment tells you if your home currently has any lead hazards from lead in paint, dust, or soil. It also tells you what actions to take to address any hazards.
- A combination risk assessment and inspection tells you if your home has any lead hazards and if your home has any lead-based paint, and where the lead-based paint is located.

Hire a trained and certified testing professional who will use a range of reliable methods when testing your home.



- A portable x-ray fluorescence (XRF) machine.
- Lab tests of paint, dust, and soil samples.

There are state and federal programs in place to ensure that testing is done safely, reliably, and effectively. Contact your state or local agency (see bottom of page 11) for more information, or call 1-800-424-LEAD (5323) for a list of contacts in your area.

Home test kits for lead are available, but may not always be accurate. Consumers should not rely on these kits before doing renovations or to assure safety.



What You Can Do Now To Protect Your Family

If you suspect that your house has lead hazards, you can take some immediate steps to reduce your family's risk:

- If you rent, notify your landlord of peeling or chipping paint.
- Clean up paint chips immediately.
- ◆ Clean floors, window frames, window sills, and other surfaces weekly. Use a mop or sponge with warm water and a general all-purpose cleaner or a cleaner made specifically for lead. REMEMBER: NEVER MIX AMMONIA AND BLEACH PRODUCTS TOGETHER SINCE THEY CAN FORM A DANGEROUS GAS.
- Thoroughly rinse sponges and mop heads after cleaning dirty or dusty areas.
- Wash children's hands often, especially before they eat and before nap time and bed time.
- Keep play areas clean. Wash bottles, pacifiers, toys, and stuffed animals regularly.
- Keep children from chewing window sills or other painted surfaces.
- Clean or remove shoes before entering your home to avoid tracking in lead from soil.
- Make sure children eat nutritious, low-fat meals high in iron and calcium, such as spinach and dairy products. Children with good diets absorb less lead.







Reducing Lead Hazards In The Home

Removing lead improperly can increase the hazard to your family by spreading even more lead dust around the house.

Always use a professional who is trained to remove lead hazards safely.



In addition to day-to-day cleaning and good nutrition:

- You can temporarily reduce lead hazards by taking actions such as repairing damaged painted surfaces and planting grass to cover soil with high lead levels. These actions (called "interim controls") are not permanent solutions and will need ongoing attention.
- ♦ To permanently remove lead hazards, you should hire a certified lead "abatement" contractor. Abatement (or permanent hazard elimination) methods include removing, sealing, or enclosing lead-based paint with special materials. Just painting over the hazard with regular paint is not permanent removal.

Always hire a person with special training for correcting lead problems—someone who knows how to do this work safely and has the proper equipment to clean up thoroughly. Certified contractors will employ qualified workers and follow strict safety rules as set by their state or by the federal government.

Once the work is completed, dust cleanup activities must be repeated until testing indicates that lead dust levels are below the following:

- 40 micrograms per square foot (μg/ft²) for floors, including carpeted floors;
- \Rightarrow 250 μ g/ft² for interior windows sills; and
- ϕ 400 μ g/ft² for window troughs.

Call your state or local agency (see bottom of page 11) for help in locating certified professionals in your area and to see if financial assistance is available

Remodeling or Renovating a Home With Lead-Based Paint

Take precautions before your contractor or you begin remodeling or renovating anything that disturbs painted surfaces (such as scraping off paint or tearing out walls):

- Have the area tested for lead-based paint.
- ◆ Do not use a belt-sander, propane torch, high temperature heat gun, dry scraper, or dry sandpaper to remove lead-based paint. These actions create large amounts of lead dust and fumes. Lead dust can remain in your home long after the work is done.
- ◆ Temporarily move your family (especially children and pregnant women) out of the apartment or house until the work is done and the area is properly cleaned. If you can't move your family, at least completely seal off the work area.
- ◆ Follow other safety measures to reduce lead hazards. You can find out about other safety measures by calling 1-800-424-LEAD. Ask for the brochure "Reducing Lead Hazards When Remodeling Your Home." This brochure explains what to do before, during, and after renovations.

If you have already completed renovations or remodeling that could have released lead-based paint or dust, get your young children tested and follow the steps outlined on page 7 of this brochure.



If not conducted properly, certain types of renovations can release lead from paint and dust into the air.



Other Sources of Lead



While paint, dust, and soil are the most common sources of lead, other lead sources also exist.





- ◆ Drinking water. Your home might have plumbing with lead or lead solder. Call your local health department or water supplier to find out about testing your water. You cannot see, smell, or taste lead, and boiling your water will not get rid of lead. If you think your plumbing might have lead in it:
 - Use only cold water for drinking and cooking.
 - Run water for 15 to 30 seconds before drinking it, especially if you have not used your water for a few hours.
- ◆ The job. If you work with lead, you could bring it home on your hands or clothes. Shower and change clothes before coming home. Launder your work clothes separately from the rest of your family's clothes.
- Old painted toys and furniture.
- Food and liquids stored in lead crystal or lead-glazed pottery or porcelain.
- Lead smelters or other industries that release lead into the air.
- Hobbies that use lead, such as making pottery or stained glass, or refinishing furniture.
- Folk remedies that contain lead, such as "greta" and "azarcon" used to treat an upset stomach.

For More Information

The National Lead Information Center

Call 1-800-424-LEAD (424-5323) to learn how to protect children from lead poisoning and for other information on lead hazards. To access lead information via the web, visit www.epa.gov/lead and www.hud.gov/offices/lead/.



linderine

EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline

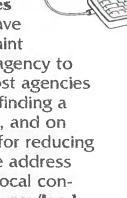
Call 1-800-426-4791 for information about lead in drinking water.

Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) Hotline

To request information on lead in consumer products, or to report an unsafe consumer product or a product-related injury call 1-800-638-2772. or visit CPSC's Web site at: www.cpsc.gov.



Some cities, states, and tribes have their own rules for lead-based paint activities. Check with your local agency to see which laws apply to you. Most agencies can also provide information on finding a lead abatement firm in your area, and on possible sources of financial aid for reducing lead hazards. Receive up-to-date address and phone information for your local contacts on the Internet at www.epa.gov/lead or contact the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD.



For the hearing impaired, call the Federal Information Relay Service at 1-800-877-8339 to access any of the phone numbers in this brochure.

EPA Regional Offices

Your Regional EPA Office can provide further information regarding regulations and lead protection programs.

EPA Regional Offices

Region 1 (Connecticut, Massachusetts, Maine, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 1 Suite 1100 (CPT) One Congress Street Boston, MA 02114-2023 1 (888) 372-7341

Region 2 (New Jersey, New York, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 2 2890 Woodbridge Avenue Building 209, Mail Stop 225 Edison, NJ 08837-3679 (732) 321-6671

Region 3 (Delaware, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia, Washington DC, West Virginia)

> Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 3 (3WC33) 1650 Arch Street Philadelphia, PA 19103 (215) 814-5000

Region 4 (Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee)

Regional Lead Contact LES. EPA Region 4 61 Forsyth Street, SW Atlanta, GA 30303 (404) 562-8998

Region 5 (Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, Wisconsin)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 5 (DT-8)) 77 West Jackson Boulevard Chicago, IL 60604-3666 (312) 886-6003 **Region 6** (Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 6 1445 Ross Avenue, 12th Floor Dallas, TX 75202-2733 (214) 665-7577

Region 7 (Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 7 (ARTD-RALI) 901 N. 5th Street Kansas City, KS 66101 (913) 551-7020

Region 8 (Colorado, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, Wyoming)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 8 999 18th Street, Suite 500 Denver, CO 80202-2466 (303) 312-6021

Region 9 (Arizona, California, Hawaii, Nevada)

> Regional Lead Contact U.S. Region 9 75 Hawthorne Street San Francisco, CA 94105 (415) 947-4164

Region 10 (Alaska, Idaho, Oregon, Washington)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 10 Toxics Section WCM-128 1200 Sixth Avenue Seattle, WA 98101-1128 (206) 553-1985

CPSC Regional Offices

Your Regional CPSC Office can provide further information regarding regulations and consumer product safety.

Eastern Regional Center

Consumer Product Safety Commission 201 Varick Street, Room 903 New York, NY 10014 (212) 620-4120 Western Regional Center

Consumer Product Safety Commission 1301 Clay Street, Suite 610-N Oakland, CA 94612 (510) 637-4050

Central Regional Center

Consumer Product Safety Commission 230 South Dearborn Street, Room 2944 Chicago, IL 60604 (312) 353-8260

HUD Lead Office

Please contact HUD's Office of Healthy Homes and Lead Hazard Control for information on lead regulations, outreach efforts, and lead hazard control and research grant programs.

LLS. Department of Housing and Urban Development Office of Healthy Homes and Lead Hazard Control 451 Seventh Street, SW, P-3206 Washington, DC 20410 (202) 755-1785

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U.S. EPA Washington DC 20460

U.S. CPSC Washington DC 20207

U.S. HUD Washington DC 20410

EPA747-K-99-001 June 2003

Disclosure of Information on Lead-Based Paint and/or Lead-Based Paint Hazards

Lead Warning Statement

Housing built before 1978 may contain lead-based paint. Lead from paint, paint chips, and dust can pose health hazards if not managed properly. Lead exposure is especially harmful to young children and pregnant women. Before renting pre-1978 housing, lessors must disclose the presence of known lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the dwelling. Lessees must also receive a federally approved pamphlet on lead poisoning prevention.

Lessor's Disclosure				
(a)	Presence	e of lead-based paint and/or lead-b	ased paint hazards (check (i) or (ii) b	elow):
	(i)	Known lead-based paint and/or le (explain).	ead-based paint hazards are present	in the housing
	(ii)	Lessor has no knowledge of lead- housing.	-based paint and/or lead-based pain	t hazards in the
(b)	Records and reports available to the lessor (check (i) or (ii) below):			
•	(i) Lessor has provided the lessee with all available records and reports pertaining to lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the housing (list documents below).			
	(ii) Lessor has no reports or records pertaining to lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the housing.			
Lessee's Acknowledgment (initial)				
(c)	Lessee has received copies of all information listed above.			
(d)	Lessee has received the pamphlet Protect Your Family from Lead in Your Home.			
Agent's Acknowledgment (initial) (e) Agent has informed the lessor of the lessor's obligations under 42 U.S.C. 4852d and is aware of his/her responsibility to ensure compliance.				
Certification of Accuracy The following parties have reviewed the information above and certify, to the best of their knowledge, that the information they have provided is true and accurate.				
Les	sor	Date	Lessor	Date
Les	see	Date	Lessee	Date
Age	ent	Date	Agent	Date

<u> 6</u>



inlandwedland@ci.milford.cr.us

City of Milford, Connecticut

Founded 1639 -

70 West River Street Milford, CT 06460-3317 Tel 203-783-3256 FAX 203-783-3303

June 9, 2014

Mr. Stephen Ball 294 White Deer Rocks Road Woodbury, Connecticut 06798

Re: Inland Wetland Environmental Review Request for CDBG-DR funding

Dear Mr. Ball:

The Milford Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Agency has received your request to review the following properties for permitting requirements:

10 Cool Ridge Rd - raise house to proper flood elevation

12 Cooper Ave - raise house to proper flood elevation

14 Cooper Ave - raise house to proper flood elevation

870 East Broadway / 2 Scott Street - raise house to proper flood elevation

13 James St - raise house to proper flood elevation

104 Melba St - raise house to proper flood elevation

70 Shell Ave - raise house to proper flood elevation

A review of the sites and the MIWA maps reveals no work is proposed within 100' of an inland wetland. With proper construction practices and sedimentation and erosion controls this proposed work does not appear to have the potential to adversely impact wetlands or watercourses. Therefore, under section 2 of the MIWA Regulations a permit is not required from the MIWA at this time.

This letter applies only to the specific plans noted above. Any revision of these plans will require further review by this Agency. No fill material may be placed in a wetland area without additional permits. Should you have any questions concerning this matter, please contact the Inland Wetlands Agency Office at 203-783-3256.

Sincerely.

MaryRose Palumbo

Inland Wetlands Compliance Officer

CC

DPLU

Engineering

Planning & Zoning

